

# **ACTIVEPURE TECHNOLOGIES: RISK ASSESSMENT**



Submitted To:

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## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

In response to a request for a scientific review and subsequent testing/analysis of ActivePure Technologies equipment, a multi-disciplinary scientific review group was formed and tasked with performing a Risk Assessment of ActivePure (AP) photo-oxidation technologies in a real-world setting. The purpose of the Risk Assessment was to identify both the safety and efficacy of the AP product. Once formed, rigorous testing and analysis methodologies were identified to collect data needed to answer research questions (i.e., Does the AP photo-oxidation technology work as described in a safe manner, under expected real-world conditions?). Testing parameters identified were based on nationally validated collection procedures and addressed products potentially generated by the AP technology as well as surrogate testing used to identify efficacy of the AP product. Comparative "exposure limits" were identified based on the populations expected to be exposed. Additionally sound pressure levels were tested to allow the group to opine on potential disturbances to occupants in locations such as childcare, school or office occupancies. An electrical safety check of the equipment occurred.

Upon testing and analysis, no concerns for health or safety were identified. This included exposure concerns for both adult (i.e., over 18) and sensitive populations (i.e., children [under the age of 18] and senior adults [over the age of 65]).

Using hydroxyl radical (·OH), dust and bacterial samples as challenge atmospheres, the AP equipment was identified as working as designed and reducing or eliminating materials in these categories. It is reasonable to assume that based on these results if used according to manufacturer's recommendations, and in combination with an appropriate cleaning program, the tested devices (AP) will continuously eliminate viral particles in air, reduce bacterial loads and minimize other ambient dusts.

## BACKGROUND

Microbial contamination and transmission of disease are of particular importance during pandemic conditions, such as the current SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) Public Health Emergency.<sup>1</sup> COVID-19 transmission occurs through aerosolized droplets and/or aerosolized particles, hence air sanitation is important. The size of the COVID-19 viral particle is roughly .1 micron (um). Typical bacterium are in the 2-10 um range. In the current exposure to COVID-19 scenario multiple pathways are present, including inhalation of suspended aerosols and reintroduction of viral material from surfaces either through re-aerosolization or the hand to mucus membrane contact routes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Azar, Alex II: Determination that a Public Health Emergency Exists, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Washington, D.C.; January 31, 2020.

To address the current COVID concerns, as well as air quality issues typical to indoor environments, ActivePure Technologies (AP) has designed multiple types of advanced air cleaning units using their technology. The AP technology is described as the production of energy in the UV-C range (irradiation)<sup>2</sup> striking a titanium dioxide based proprietary photocatalyst, forming oxidizers (hydroxyl radicals, superoxides, hydroxide and hydrogen peroxide), and causing decomposition of viral/bacterial materials through continuous oxidation, resulting in decomposition biproducts, including CO<sub>2</sub> and water in air.

As described, ozone (O<sub>3</sub>) and volatile organic chemicals are not increased in air with this technology.<sup>3</sup>

Multiple studies have been conducted by AP to address the safety of this device, its efficacy and regulatory status. Some company literature compares the device to other technologies including ventilation, filtration, ionization, UV germicidal irradiation and other photocatalyst oxidizers.

During May 2021, a review of the initial AP literature was performed, which included bibliographical materials and associated footnoted tables. Comments concerning safety, efficacy, regulatory status and a comparison to other devices were proffered. Subsequent to the review, a Risk Assessment provided by a qualified interdisciplinary team was recommended.<sup>4</sup> The purpose of the Risk Assessment was to identify and close apparent gaps in AP product tests validating efficacy and safety of the product.

Specifically, the Risk Assessment was designed to:

- a. Identify all products and byproducts of concern produced during use when the AP devices are installed in real-world circumstances;
- b. Describe all potential exposure pathways to individuals occupying rooms and buildings where AP devices are installed;
- c. Conduct testing per validated methodologies where possible, analyzed at laboratories which participate in nationally recognized quality assurance and accreditation programs for analytes of concern and compare the results to an appropriately selected exposure criteria, based on the population potentially exposed; and
- d. Determine the efficacy of the system through the testing process.

This recommendation was offered to AP in a report on May 19, 2021.<sup>5</sup>

Subsequently, Cocciardi<sup>6</sup> provided a roadmap for this activity to AP, in a proposal of services June 19, 2021, which was approved July 1, 2021, with the following tasks identified.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The UV-C range is considered to be 100 nm to 280 nm or short wave (germicidal) lengths, causing damage to the nuclei acid of microorganisms.

 $<sup>^{3}</sup>$  A review of AP devices identifies that there are some which are designed to produce O<sub>3</sub> and are sold as such. These devices are not reviewed in this Risk Assessment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> This Risk Assessment process was first described by the National Research Council (NRC), 1983, and the format has been continuously utilized: See U.S. EPA: <u>www.epa.gov/risk/human-health-risk-assessment</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Cocciardi, J.A., PhD to Sara Love Rawlings: Review of Materials Provided: ActivePure Technology; May 19, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Cocciardi, J.A., PhD to Joe Urso, CEO, AP: Proposal of Services: Risk Assessment; June 9, 2021.

**TASK #1**: Assembly of an independent scientific review panel representing the following disciplines: Industrial Hygiene; Environmental Medicine; Ventilation Engineering and Chemical Behaviors. This group would perform the following functions:

- a. Review current materials provided by AP describing the technology and construction of the specific AP Photocatalytic Oxidation (PCO) units.
- b. Identify scenarios for human exposure to intermediary or final process products, considering both environmental conditions and/or the medical condition(s) of the recipient. This would include the validation of a real-world test location capable of replicating real-world plausible scenarios.

**TASK #2**: Identification of applicable exposure limits for comparison purposes. These limits would consider the receptor population, as well as the potential duration of exposure to any identified products.

**TASK #3:** Identification of collection, testing and analysis methodologies to determine potential exposures through the exposure pathways selected. Specifically,

- a. Credentialling of laboratories to participate in the process. (Selected laboratories will participate in an appropriate nationally recognized accreditation program, if one exists for the parameters considered.)<sup>7</sup>
- b. Identification of alternate or site testing protocol and procedures, where laboratory analysis protocol would not meet this testing need, and validation of the site protocol(s).
- c. Performance of testing under the direction of a Certified Industrial Hygienist.
- d. Development of a written report of findings with conclusions and recommendations identified.

**TASK #4:** Identification of testing/modelling of alternative air cleaning technologies for comparative purposes, and implementation of the schedule above, if commissioned to test these additional technologies.

The above stepped approach ensured all potential exposure scenarios within the scope were identified and maintained quality control/quality assurance during the Risk Assessment process.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Programs such as the American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA) Laboratory Accreditation Programs, LLC, are typical of nationally recognized accreditation programs in this area.

## **ACTIVITIES**

Task 1 activities included the assembly of an independent review panel (scientific work group), and a review of the materials and testing to date (provided by AP). Question(s) to be answered by the Risk Assessment would be developed in later tasks.<sup>8</sup> The following individuals and disciplines were identified for participation on the scientific review panel.

**Cynthia Fowler, PE:** Ms. Fowler is a Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC) design, installation and test engineer and an active member of the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). She possesses 20 years of HVAC commissioning experience and represents the engineering expertise for the Work Group.

**Kevin Yeskey, MD:** Dr. Yeskey, also involved on the initial AP review, provides vast health and human service expertise. He was formerly the Principal Deputy to the Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response at the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (ASPR-HHS). Dr. Yeskey provides the medical expertise for the Work Group.

**Victoria Stanavitch, PhD:** Dr. Stanavitch is the Chair of the Sciences Department at Keystone College, and a trained/experienced public health epidemiologist. Dr. Stanavitch provides the biochemistry expertise to the Work Group.

<sup>8</sup> The following materials were reviewed:

- 1. Canadian Hospital Study (Cardio & Surgical ICUs) Data collections done by ActivePure personnel Filename: Aerus ActivePure ICU\_CanadaStudyReport\_20201 cps edits\_Clean.pdf
- 2. Canadian Hospital Study (supplemental sample collection and analysis) Data collections done by Hospital Industrial Hygienist
  - Filename: Bacteriology Sampling Report-HSC-Surgical ICU-June 24 2019 reviewed.pdf
- 3. Texas Hospital System Study Filename: Generic Hospital Operating Room Report cps edits clean.pdf
- 4. ActivePure Testing on Ozone Production (for FDA Submission) Filename: Aerus Medical Guardian Ozone testing.pdf
- 5. Formaldehyde Testing Filename: Aerus Formaldehyde testing Public Version.pdf
- 6. Summary Data: Independent Laboratory Testing Filename: SARS-CoV-2 Testing Charts[1].pdf
- 7. Efficacy of Medical guardian Against Various Aerosols Filename: MedicalGuardian\_BioTestResults.pdf
- 8. University of Texas Medical Branch Testing on Product Efficacy Filename: UTMB Final Report\_12.2020.pdf
- 9. MRI Global Testing on Product Efficacy Filename: Medical Testing Graphs.pdf
- 10. Hydroxyl Blaster Efficacy in Remediating SARS-CoV-2 SARS CoV 2 HydroxylBlaster Testing.pdf
- 11. ActivePure Testing on Byproduct Production (for FDA Submission) Aerus Medical Guardian Organic Oxidization By-products.pdf

**Joseph A. Cocciardi, PhD, CIH, CSP, REHS/RS** is identified as the lead for the team. Dr. Cocciardi, an environmental health practitioner with vast experience in the Risk Assessment process, authored the initial AP document review. He is responsible for the industrial hygiene expertise for the group, exposure assessment parameters and discussions, as well as supervision of site Industrial Hygienists who performed collections, testing or site analysis.

Curricula vitae's for the team were previously forwarded to AP.

Subsequent to approval<sup>9</sup> by AP, the group reviewed the AP Technologies information, the previous COCCIARDI report and documents/tests provided by AP. The group provided initial reviews of documentation by July 20, 2021. A summary of comments and interim conclusions is found in the sections below.

## **ENGINEERING OVERVIEW**

Thermal comfort and indoor air quality are both affected by the design of a room's conditioned air distribution as indicated in ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 62.1 *Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality*.<sup>10</sup> The effectiveness of AP units depends on the existing air distribution design, which must be installed correctly and properly maintained for optimal performance. Poorly designed systems or low velocities may cause temperature stratifications in rooms and unbalanced air flows. Velocities which would affect unit efficacy are not specified in the information provided and reviewed, subsequently uniform distribution of air may not occur. Additionally, placement of typical MERV 8-13 filter in HVAC systems may impede efficacy of the AP units, depending on placement of the units if in the HVAC system. Placement of the units in relationship to any humidification units is also imperative.

There is no way to compensate for poor system design, hence all systems must be maintained properly. The ventilation rate procedure described in ASHRAE 62.1 is used most often and it not only takes into account the room square footage, space use and number of people but also assigns a value for Air Distribution Effectiveness, E<sub>2</sub>, which considers where in the room, how warm and how fast the air is delivered into the space. Fluid dynamics in the room caused by the existing design of the air distribution system can be expected to have an impact on the output of the AP technology whether it is deployed in the existing ductwork or in the room. The following considerations are identified:



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> A non-disclosure agreement was confirmed as in place prior to initiation of activities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Engineers: Standard 62.1: Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality; Peachtree Corners, GA; 2019.

#### **Room Installation Considerations**

To test the effectiveness of the AP technology for in-room installation, ceiling or other fans placed in the room set for various speeds or configurations of fan speed/fan off/fan on would simulate a variety of air distribution scenarios. For classrooms with wall-mounted or floor mounted air distribution, fans placed at the center of the wall and at both ends of the wall between 30- and 36-inches above finished floor is recommended to simulate air flow patterns in the room.

The effectiveness of duct installation depends on the quality of air distribution design and the quality of system maintenance. Poor duct air distribution design and dirty filters at the air handler have the potential of lowering air velocities to below that originally designed. Subsequently, inspection and maintenance of these systems is essential. Additionally, high temperature air flow with low air velocity can cause temperature stratification in the room.



#### MEDICAL OVERVIEW

The medical/exposure analysis performed reviewed the literature concerning the infective dose and characteristics of COVID-19, the present agent of concern. There is not an infective dose (ID) of COVID-19 identified in the literature. The infectious dose of COVID-19 is not known as challenge studies have not and are not planned to be performed. Although unclassified by the U.S. Centers for Disease Control, any testing using actual COVID-19 viral particulate must be performed in a highly protective and regulated atmosphere. Some estimates from other similar infectious diseases and animal studies suggest the following:



Karimzadeh et al: Prepublication (not peer reviewed); A review of infectious dose of COVID-19 was posted October 2020. An estimate of the infectious dose is greater than 100 particles, but less than 700 particles, based on a review of the scant literature on this topic and the understanding of the infectious dose of other similar respiratory diseases.

Schroder, I: A Risk Assessment (2020): Estimates the human ID (50) is approximately 790 viral particles based on comparisons to Influenza A ID (50) for aerosolized virus particles.

Watanabe et al (2010): Although an older article about SARS, this discussion estimates the ID (50) for SARS at 280 plaque forming units (CI= 130 and 530 PFU). This may be useful for comparison purposes to the COVID-19 virus.

The CDC offers no estimates in publications of COVID-19 ID (50).

While it has been presumed that SARS-CoV-2 spreads primarily via droplet spread and fomites, recent scientific discussions have found this virus spreads via aerosols as well.<sup>11</sup> The discussion is ongoing.

Hence, the use of surrogate biological substance is recommended for the testing phase of this Risk Assessment, for both safety and logistical purposes. Surrogate information is described below.

## **BIOCHEMICAL OVERVIEW**

Based on common chemical and biological principles, a literature search was conducted to determine the potential toxins that could be generated using titanium dioxide as a catalyst for hydroxyl radical generation via ActivePure technology. The following potential toxins were identified: carbon monoxide, hydrogen peroxide, formaldehyde, acetaldehyde, ozone, and titanium nanoparticles. In addition, potential surrogates for SARS-CoV-2 and other microbial pathogens were identified which could be used for proof testing. While the influenza virus is a common surrogate used to test for activity against the SARS-CoV-2 virus, it requires special safety precautions to prevent infection in testing personnel. Human subjects concerns may also present. To alleviate this risk to testing personnel, the following surrogates are suggested: MS2 bacteriophage, *Staphylococcus epidermidis, E. coli, Aspergillus niger*, and *Bacillus globigii*. To alleviate this risk to occupants, in particular to those who may be considered "AT-RISK" groups, serious consideration should be given to the elimination of biological surrogates <u>OR</u> a detailed human subjects review and research conducted be monitored by an Institutional Review Board (IRB) or Independent Ethics Commission (IEC). This board would not appear to be required if ambient environmental testing, versus the introduction of a bacteriological or viral surrogate into the occupied environment, occurred.

Subsequently, testing commenced on a method to determine the concentration of hydroxyl radicals formed by this technology in air as no current laboratory protocol had been found. The testing identified methylene blue soaked Whatman filter paper strips as a viable testing method. They were tested with



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> <u>https://www.thelancet.com/article/S0140-6736(21)00869-2/fulltext</u>

varying concentrations of methylene blue. The length of exposure was tested and identified, as the methylene blue strips were exposed to hydroxyl radicals. The strips lighten in color and/or return to the original white color based on time of exposure. The method testing concluded that this fluid test could be used to identify the presence of hydroxy radicals in air,<sup>12</sup> as well as the timeframe for the persistence of ·OH. The utilized method is appended.

### HYGIENE AND SANITATION OVERVIEW

Industrial Hygiene testing parameters offered by the U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and various independent laboratories were reviewed, relative to the toxins and materials expected to be generated by the AP technology as identified by the Scientific Review Committee. The selected testing methods are described and are identified in Table 1, below.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> This proof testing was performed under controlled conditions, at Keystone College, La Plume, Pennsylvania, during August 2021, under the direction of Dr. Victoria Stanavitch.

	TABLE 1 TESTING PARAMETERS: ACTIVEPURE TECHNOLOGIES									
Analyte	TiO2 in nanoparticle range	O3	PM 10	VOC profile	UV light	Temp & rH%	Noise	Microbial Testing	Hydroxyl Radical Testing	
Analytical Technique	Modified NIOSH 7300* (See FIGURE 2 below)	Direct Read	Mod. NIOSH 0500 Gravimetric	Mod. Multiple NIOSH Methods	Direct Read	Direct Read	Direct Read	Plate Counts	Methylene Blue Test Strips	
Method of Collection	PVC NIOSH Method 0600 and duplicate sample on MCEF	Ohio Lumix nanO3 Ozone Monitor	37mm 3-piece PVC cassette with 5.0 micron pre-weighted PVC filter sampled with cyclone (dorr oliver, higgins-dewell, or aluminum)	Coconut shell charcoal sorbent tube and personal sampling pump (volatile organic sampling train)	ILT2400 Handheld UV- Curing Light Measurement Meter	TSI IAQ-Calc 7545	Type 1 Sound Level Meter	Surfaces - Swab sampling; Air Sampling; Follow the All- Tech Environmental Services Methods	Air Exposure Sampling	
Analytical Method	PVC - ICP NIOSH Method 7300 MCEF - transmission electron microscopy (TEM)	Ultraviolet atomic absorption at 254 nm	Gravimetric filter weight	Gas Chromatography Flame Ionizing Detector	Hand-Held Light Meter & Optometer	Thermistor (Temp) & Thin-film capacitive	½ Free field Electret microphone & preamplifier - Type 1	Plate Counts	Color change indicates presence of radicals	
Estimated Limit of Detection	100 nm	3.0 ppb (2 σ)	0.1 micrometer	Substance dependent					Qualitative sampling method	
Reporting Units	Nanoparticles/cc	ppb	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ppm	amps, lux, and fc	°F/°C and % rH	dBA or dBC	CFU (colony forming units)	present or absent	
Resolution		0.1 ppb				0.1°F (0.1°C) & 0.1% RH				
Range		0 ppb to 10 ppm			50pA – 1mA current, 8 decades of light intensity measurements	32 to 140°F (0 to 60°C) and 5% to 95% RH	10dB - 140dB			
Accuracy		Greater of 2 ppb or 2% of reading			peaks as brief as 100µS	±1.0°F (±0.5°C) & ±3.0% RH				



TABLE 1 (CONTINUED) TESTING PARAMETERS: ACTIVEPURE TECHNOLOGIES									
Analyte	TiO2 in nanoparticle range	О3	PM 10	VOC profile	UV light	Temp & rH%	Noise	Microbial Testing	Hydroxyl Radical Testing
Measurement Intervals		10 seconds			peaks as brief as 100µS	1 second up to 1 hour (user selectable) Response time - 30 seconds (90% of final value, air velocity at 400 ft/min [2 m/s]) & 20 seconds (for 63% of final value)	LAVG or LEQ, Max, Peak and Overload Indication at one minute intervals	Growth on plates monitored for 24, 48, 72, and 96 hours. Plates incubated at 30 degrees Celsius	We are currently testing these intervals
Flow Rate	Depends on cyclone utilized Dorr Oliver - 1.7 lpm Aluminum - 2.5 lpm	~0.5 lpm	CYCLONE: Dorr Oliver - 1.7 lpm Aluminum - 2.5 lpm	0.01-2.0 lpm					
Baseline Drift		<2 ppb/day & <5ppb/year							
Sensitivity Drift		<1%/day & <3%/year							



	TABLE 1 (CONTINUED) TESTING PARAMETERS: ACTIVEPURE TECHNOLOGIES										
Analyte	TiO2 in nanoparticle range	O3	PM 10	VOC profile	UV light	Temp & rH%	Noise	Microbial Testing	Hydroxyl Radical Testing		
Exposure Limits and Sources	See TABLE 2 See TABLE 3	See TABLE 2 See TABLE 3	See TABLE 2 See TABLE 3	Substance dependent	Exposure limits are wavelength and effective irradiance dependent. There are also different exposure limits for exposures to the skin or eyes. The 2021 ACGIH TLV and BEI booklet has UV radiation exposure limits listed in Table 1 under the Optical Radiation Section (pg 154).	ASHRAE 55-2017 recommends occupied building areas be maintained between 68.5°F and 75°F during the winter season, and 75°F and 80.5°F during the summer season. The Standard requires that systems designed to control humidity must be able to maintain a dewpoint temperature of 16.8°C (62.2°F). There are no established lower humidity limits for thermal comfort; consequently, Standard 55 does not specify a minimum humidity level.	To be able to hear and understand spoken messages in classrooms, the WHO recommends background sound pressure level should not exceed 35 dBA Leq during teaching sessions - https://www.who.int/docstore/peh/noise/Comnoise- 4.pdf The USEPA recognizes levels of 55 decibels outdoors and 45 decibels indoors as preventing activity interference and annoyance USEPA April 2, 1972 press release				



A further delineation of testing and analysis for nanoparticles  $(TiO_2)$  is found in the Figure 2, below.  $TiO_2$  nanoparticles have recently been identified as a potential human carcinogen by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists and others, hence a specialized review of testing methodologies was needed.<sup>13</sup>



(Source: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health<sup>14</sup>)

Based on the information above, validated test methodologies exist for the collection and analysis of ozone, particulate matter, volatile organic compounds, ultraviolet light, temperature, relative humidity and noise.

Proposed testing methodologies are identified for Titanium Dioxide nanoparticles in Figure 2.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists: Notice of Intended Change; Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices: Carcinogenicity: Cincinnati, Ohio; 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: Current Intelligence Bulletin #63: Occupational Exposure to Titanium Dioxide: Figure 2: Exposure Assessment Protocol for TiO<sub>2</sub>: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): DHHS (NIOSH) Public No. 2011-160; 2011.

A qualitative test process has been identified to identify the presence of superoxides in air.

The use of either COVID-19 or biological surrogates for COVID-19 to test the efficacy of the superoxide process in an occupied area with potential human exposure will not be pursued as part of this risk assessment. The testing for upstream products (superoxides) and downstream indicators of efficacy will be pursued.

#### **EXPOSURE LIMIT REVIEW**

To answer the question: Are devices safe? [What exposure standards apply and when? Who is protected by these standards?] two types of exposure limits were reviewed. Exposure standards fall into two categories: Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL) and Public Exposure Guidelines. Public exposure standards are generally more conservative, as they are designed to protect all populations (including the very young and very old) and consider time sensitive duration exposures.

Occupational Standards are proffered by the U.S. Department of Labor – Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) [Permissible Exposure Limits: PEL], the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services – National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) [Recommended Exposure Limits: REL], the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGGIH) [Threshold Limit Values: TLV] and various states (e.g., the California Department of Labor – CAL OSHA). The American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA) also offers Workplace Employee Exposure Levels (WEEL) for certain substances not covered by other cited agencies. Limits are time sensitive (and in general, the lower the concentration the longer the exposure); however, some substances have CEILING and SHORT-TERM concentrations published. These are levels above which no exposure should occur. Again, the concern with OEL is that they target the adult population (18 years of age and older) and many do not take into account the at-risk populations.

Of the standards cited, the CAL OSHA standards are the only ones annually updated.

A variety of public exposure limits are also proffered and fall into 3 categories: Emergent Exposure Levels, Duration (for an event) Levels and Lifetime Exposure Levels. Emergent Levels are published by the National Academy of Science and are set by consensus (AEGL – Acute Exposure Guideline Levels), the American Industrial Hygiene Association (ERPG – Emergency Response Planning Guides) and the U.S. Department of Energy (TEEL – Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits). All of the above exposure levels are risk/outcome/time sensitive. Duration exposure limit calculations called Reference Doses or Hazard Quotients are published by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and are published for various intervals and time limits, e.g., 1 week – 10 weeks – 7 years or a lifetime (70 years). The U.S. Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) publishes Minimal Risk Levels (MRL): The level of human exposure to all populations that is without appreciable non-cancer risk (oral and inhalation values) and they are published for a week, a year, and a lifetime. These MRLs are screening levels with safety factors (NAAQS) and carcinogenic Reference Doses and Reference Concentrations are also calculable. NAAQS cites 6 reference substances, of these O3 and PM are applicable to our study. Primary NAAQS protect the health of sensitive populations including asthmatics, children, and the elderly.



TABLE 2 OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH EXPOSURE VALUES APPLICABLE TO THE AP STUDY								
Analyte	OSHA	Cal OSHA	NIOSH	ACGIH				
CO <sup>15</sup>	50 ppm PEL, 55 mg/m <sup>3</sup> PEL	25 ppm PEL, 200 ppm Ceiling	35 ppm REL, 200 ppm Ceiling	25 ppm PEL				
CO2 <sup>15</sup>	5,000 ppm PEL, 9,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> PEL	5,000 ppm PEL, 30,000 ppm STEL	5,000 ppm 1 REL, 30,000 ppm STEL	5,000 ppm 8-hr TWA, 30,000 ppm STEL				
Acetaldehyde <sup>15</sup>	200 ppm PEL, 360 mg/m <sup>3</sup> PEL	25 ppm Ceiling	N/A	25 ppm Ceiling				
Formaldehyde <sup>15,16</sup>	0.75 ppm PEL, 2 ppm STEL	0.75 ppm PEL, 2 ppm STEL	0.016 ppm REL, 0.1 ppm Ceiling (15-minute)	0.1 ppm, 0.3 ppm STEL				
O <sub>3</sub> <sup>15</sup>	0.1 ppm PEL, 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> PEL	0.1 ppm PEL, 0.3 ppm STEL	0.1 ppm Ceiling	0.05-0.20 ppm depending on workload/time				
TiO <sub>2</sub> Nanoparticles <sup>15</sup>	N/A	N/A	0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> REL	N/A				
VOCs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Hydrogen Peroxide <sup>15</sup>	1 ppm PEL, 1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> PEL	1 ppm PEL	1 ppm REL	1 ppm PEL				

While agents generated by AP products may exist in both occupational and public environments, populations of all ages may be exposed, and hence the most protective limits should be applied.

Table Notes: ppm: parts per million

mg/m<sup>3</sup>: milligrams per cubic meter

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit, 8-hr. Time-Weighted Average REL: Recommended Exposure Limit, 10-hr. Time-Weighted Average STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Permissible Exposure Limits – OSHA Annotated Table Z-1 | Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> <u>1910.1048 - Formaldehyde. | Occupational Safety and Health Administration (osha.gov).</u>

TABLE 3 PUBLIC HEALTH EXPOSURE VALUES APPLICABLE TO THE AP STUDY									
Analyte	ATSDR MRL	EPA NAAQS	AIHA ERPG 1	AIHA ERPG 2	AIHA ERPG 3	TEEL/PAC			
со	N/A	9 ppm/8 hrs., 35 ppm/1 hr. <sup>17</sup>	200 ppm <sup>18</sup>	350 ppm <sup>18</sup>	500 ppm <sup>18</sup>	(ppm) PAC-1: 75 PAC-2: 83 PAC-3: 330 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) PAC-1: 86 PAC-2: 95 PAC-3: 380 <sup>19</sup>			
CO <sub>2</sub>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Acetaldehyde	N/A	N/A	10 ppm <sup>20</sup>	200 ppm <sup>20</sup>	1,000 ppm <sup>20</sup>	(ppm) PAC-1: 45 PAC-2: 270 PAC-3: 840 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) PAC-1: 81 PAC-2: 490 PAC-3: 1,500 <sup>21</sup>			



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> NAAQS Table | US EPA

<sup>18</sup> CARBON MONOXIDE | CAMEO Chemicals | NOAA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Chemical Safety Program: PACs for Chemicals of Concern - Reports (energy.gov)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> ACETALDEHYDE | CAMEO Chemicals | NOAA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Chemical Safety Program: PACs for Chemicals of Concern - Reports (energy.gov)

	TABLE 3 (CONTINUED) PUBLIC HEALTH EXPOSURE VALUES APPLICABLE TO THE AP STUDY							
Analyte	ATSDR MRL	EPA NAAQS	AIHA ERPG 1	AIHA ERPG 2	AIHA ERPG 3	TEEL/PAC		
Formaldehyde	Acute inhalation: 0.04 ppm Intermediate inhalation: 0.03 ppm Chronic Inhalation: 0.008 ppm Intermediate oral: 0.3 mg/kg/day Chronic oral: 0.2 mg/kg/day	N/A	1 ppm <sup>22</sup>	10 ppm <sup>22</sup>	40 ppm <sup>22</sup>	(ppm) PAC-1: 0.9 PAC-2: 14 PAC-3: 56 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) PAC-1: 1.1 PAC-2: 17 PAC-3: 69 <sup>23</sup>		
O3	N/A	.070 ppm/8 hrs.	N/A	N/A	N/A	(ppm) PAC-1: 0.24 PAC-2: 1 PAC-3: 10 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) PAC-1: 0.47 PAC-2: 2 PAC-2: 2 PAC-3: 20 <sup>24</sup>		
TiO <sub>2</sub> Nanoparticles	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
VOCs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> FORMALDEHYDE | CAMEO Chemicals | NOAA

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Chemical Safety Program: PACs for Chemicals of Concern - Reports (energy.gov)
 <sup>24</sup> Chemical Safety Program: PACs for Chemicals of Concern - Reports (energy.gov)

TABLE 3 (CONTINUED) PUBLIC HEALTH EXPOSURE VALUES APPLICABLE TO THE AP STUDY									
Analyte	ATSDR MRL	EPA NAAQS	AIHA ERPG 1	AIHA ERPG 2	AIHA ERPG 3	TEEL/PAC			
Hydrogen	N/A	N/A	10 ppm <sup>25</sup>	50 ppm <sup>25</sup>	100 ppm <sup>25</sup>	(ppm) PAC-1: 10 PAC-2: 50 PAC-3: 100			
Peroxide						(mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) PAC-1: 14 PAC-2: 70 PAC-3: 140			

Table Notes:ppm: parts per millionmg/m³: milligrams per cubic meter



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, STABILIZED | CAMEO Chemicals | NOAA

TABLE 4 PUBLIC EXPOSURE VALUES APPLICABLE TO THE AP STUDY AEGL VALUES								
		10 min	30 min	60 min	4 hr.	8 hr.		
CO <sup>26</sup>	AEGL: 1	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR		
0	AEGL: 2	420	150	83	33	27		
	AEGL: 3	1,700	600	330	150	130		
		10 min	30 min	60 min	4 hr.	8 hr.		
CO.	AEGL: 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
	AEGL: 2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
	AEGL: 3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
		10 min	30 min	60 min	4 hr.	8 hr.		
Formoldobydo <sup>27</sup>	AEGL: 1	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90		
Formaldenyde	AEGL: 2	14	14	14	14	14		
	AEGL: 3	100	70	56	35	35		
		10 min	30 min	60 min	4 hr.	8 hr.		
Acetaldehyde <sup>28</sup>	AEGL: 1	45	45	45	45	45		
	AEGL: 2	340	340	270	170	110		
	AEGL: 3	1100	1100	840	530	260		
		10 min	30 min	60 min	4 hr.	8 hr.		
0	AEGL: 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
U3	AEGL: 2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
	AEGL: 3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
		10 min	30 min	60 min	4 hr.	8 hr.		
TiO Nanonarticles	AEGL: 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
1102 Natioparticles	AEGL: 2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
	AEGL: 3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
		10 min	30 min	60 min	4 hr.	8 hr.		
NOC	AEGL: 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
VUCS	AEGL: 2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
	AEGL: 3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
		10 min	30 min	60 min	4 hr.	8 hr.		
Hudrogon Dorovido	AEGL: 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
nyulogen Peroxide	AEGL: 2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
	AEGL: 3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		

RECOMMENDED EXPOSURE CRITERIA for ACTIVEPURE: All exposures below ATSDR MRL (Lifetime criteria) AND NAAQS O3/PM levels – with no single exposure above an occupational SHORT-TERM Limit. Adoption of this limit addresses all byproducts for all populations.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Carbon Monoxide - AEGL Program | US EPA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Formaldehyde - AEGL Program | US EPA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Acetaldehyde - AEGL Program | US EPA

## **TESTING FOR COVID-19 SURROGATES**

In addition to the exposure criteria above, testing to determine efficacy of the system has been recommended. While an Infective Dose for COVID 19 (ID50) has not been identified, a qualitative YES or NO answer is possible. This answer may be interpolated from the continual presence of ·OH in air in an occupied building. The HVAC system review<sup>29</sup> has addressed the mechanism of spread of both hydroxy radicals and viral particulate matter. To test efficacy (e.g., air distribution) testing for the presence of ·OH was recommended/used.<sup>30</sup> To test efficacy this should occur at different times during the HVAC system cycle.

## **TESTING FOR SOUND PRESSURE LEVELS**

In addition to chemical substances, the AP equipment may generate sound pressures, and hence the testing for sound pressure levels in occupiable areas adjacent to the equipment (if installed in a portable format) was recommended. While occupational noise limits exist, as they do for chemical substances, ambient public exposure limits to protect against both hearing loss and interference/annoyance are adopted locally with recommendations proffered by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.<sup>31</sup> The EPA identifies a 24-hour exposure level of 70 decibels as the level of environmental noise which will prevent any measurable hearing loss over a lifetime. Likewise, levels of 55 decibels outdoors and 45 decibels indoors are identified as preventing activity interference and annoyance. These levels of noise are considered those which will permit spoken conversation and other activities such as sleeping, working and recreation, which are part of the daily human condition.

The levels are not single event, or "peak" levels. Instead, they represent averages of acoustic energy over periods of time such as 8 hours or 24 hours, and over long periods of time such as years. For example, occasional higher noise levels would be consistent with a 24-hour energy average of 70 decibels, as long as a sufficient amount of relative quiet is experienced for the remaining period of time. Subsequently, a level of 45 dB indoors over a monitoring period, with a level not to exceed 70 dB over a full 24-hour period has been adopted as applicable to AP devices, to preclude interference and annoyance. The Work Group recommends that this level be confirmed by test.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> A recommendation to place a statement in AP owner's manuals and installation literature to maintain all HVAC systems according to manufacturer's instructions and the most current American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) standard was made to AP as a part of this project.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Use of COVID-19 in a test scenario is not recommended, due to the unknown ID(50). Recommended surrogates MS-2 bacteriophage, Staphylococcus epidermis; E.coli, Aspergillus Niger and Bacillus globigii were not recommended due to the presence of human subjects as receptors.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> U.S. Environmental Protection Agency: Information on Levels of Environmental Noise Requisite to Protect Public Health and Welfare with an Adequate Margin of Safety; U.S. EPA 550/9-74-004, 1974; Washington, D.C.

#### **RESEARCH QUESTIONS**

Based on the literature reviewed, the research performed by the scientific review committee and the discussions which occurred, the following research question with assumptions has been identified as the focus of this Risk Assessment:

A. Do identified AP devices using the same class of technology (either free-standing or system installed) produce items of harm and/or generate substances which may control viral particulate matter in the 0-6' foot range in a "designated occupiable space", when appropriately sized for the equipment and challenged with:

Humidity – Low and high rH ranges, based on ASHRAE criteria; Temperature – Low and high temperatures, based on ASHRAE criteria; Natural and artificial light; and Temporal changes – Introduction 1-2 hours before occupancy and/or testing throughout occupancy?

Testing and analysis recommendations are based on the review provided by the Work Group. An ideal testing location would have the following characteristics:

- This site would represent an occupancy for all age groups and characterize both occupational and public exposures.
- This site would have a variable environment, characterizing the hazards and risks identified above, within standard occupancy criteria.
- The site would not pose an unreasonable risk to either researchers or others who may be occupant during or subsequent to testing.
- The site would meet applicable building and property maintenance codes.

The testing location identified was the Lamplighter School (11611 Inwood Road, Dallas, Texas 75229). This school location is currently coded and maintains occupancy permits as such.<sup>32</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Additional information concerning the LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL can be viewed at <u>www.thelamplighterschool.org</u>.

## **ON-SITE ACTIONS**

Prior to on-site sampling, a review of the facility, design and "as-built" diagrams and a discussion of work and occupancy practices occurred with staff.<sup>33</sup> The team lead, Joseph A. Cocciardi, PhD, MS, CSP, CIH, REHS/RS, developed material for school administrators and occupants to ensure they were aware of equipment, supplies and procedures used in the testing (human subject information). Notifications occurred (including maintenance and engineering staff), and building systems were operating per both instructions and as is typical to the school. This material was provided to the school administrator. This material is found appended at Appendix A. Once on-site, the investigation and testing team, which included a Certified Industrial Hygienist and an Environmental Technician performed the following:

- Inspected the air and occupancy characteristics of the test facility, including exterior stressors (e.g., traffic/surrounding occupancies). An inspection of the HVAC system occurred with building engineering staff.
- Refined the testing schedule to meet the assumptions stated.
- Reviewed the housekeeping plans and chemicals used to ensure they did not interfere with testing, and that they were being applied in a typical manner and per manufacturers recommendations (which they were).
- Refined the sampling and analysis plan which included 3 scenarios: typical occupancy with AP equipment off, typical occupancy with AP equipment ON, and varied environmental conditions with AP equipment operating as warranted.
- Accompanied the manufacturer who inspected units for placement and operability (per warranty), prior to sampling. On-site areas utilized for testing included classrooms, early childhood work rooms, a gymnasium, an auditorium, a clinic, a media center (electronic equipment in place and operating) and the innovation center on the site (multiple pieces of electrical equipment in operation), hallways and the exterior of the building.

The HVAC system, checked by the site engineer, was appropriately operating. This was reconfirmed during and subsequent to site testing.

Routine sanitation occurred in classrooms during periods while students were in other areas. Individual classroom schedules were provided to the sampling team prior to on-site activities. The sampling team reviewed these schedules and planned microbiological sampling to occur in timeframes that were

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> As reported by ActivePure and Lamplighter, AP units were installed in the configuration that was tested on September 4, 2020 (some units had been previously in place; however, were upgraded to manufacturers recommendations for coverage at that time). They were used in concert with masking and hygiene/sanitation actions during the 2020-2021 school year. For that timeframe, and with both AP units working and personal safety measures, absenteeism was approximately one-half (½) the totals for the previous three (3) years. (During school years 2017 through 2020, Lamplighter averaged 4.72 absences per day. During school year 2020-2021, with the referenced protective measures in place, Lamplighter averaged 2.21 absences per day.)



unaffected by sanitation activities (i.e., sampling occurred prior to sanitation, up to 20 hours after cleaning with chemicals occurred).

Each subject area was sampled during normal business hours in accordance with the sampling plan.

## **ON-SITE ACTIVITIES**

Based on the sampling plan developed for the site, and subsequent to site investigations and occupant notifications, sampling was performed on-site. The sampling procedures and/or site analysis procedures are described below. A brief discussion of exposure criteria is also included here. These activity notes are referenced in tables to follow.

A. Carbon monoxide concentrations were determined using a RAE Instruments Multirae Lite. This instrument was calibrated prior to use, with a 50 ppm carbon monoxide check gas mixture. The Limit of Detection (LOD) for this device is 1 ppm. A summary of results is identified in Tables 5, 17, and 26. Temperature, relative humidity, and carbon dioxide levels were measured using a TSI IAQ-Calc 7545. This instrument is factory calibrated, and was field tested with calibration gas before sampling.

The adopted Exposure criteria for carbon monoxide is 9 ppm (NAAQS – public and sensitive group exposures). Any detectable CO in an indoor environment should be investigated and is of concern.

- B. Carbon Dioxide: The OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) for carbon dioxide is 5,000 parts per million based on an 8-hour Time Weighted Average. The NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limit (REL), based on a 10-hour Time Weighted Average, and ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV), based on an 8-hour Time Weighted Average, are also identified as 5,000 parts per million. ASHRAE identifies carbon dioxide concentrations of 700 ppm greater than ambient conditions or 3X exterior levels as an index for expectable air quality (ASHRAE 62.1-2010). This concentration is based on comfort (odor) criteria related to bio-effluent and general biological contaminant buildup. An indoor air concentration of carbon dioxide in excess of this guideline is not indicative of an increased risk to human health. This level provides a general indicator of whether air exchanges in a given indoor space are sufficient to provide comfort to most people occupying that space. Carbon dioxide results are found in Tables 5, 17 and 26.
- C. **Temperature:** No specific OSHA criteria is established for temperature. However, OSHA recommends temperature be maintained in the range of 68 to 76 degrees Fahrenheit (OSHA Technical Manual).<sup>34</sup> ASHRAE suggests (ASHRAE 55-2010) a range of 68-74.5 degrees Fahrenheit to maintain comfort for a majority of people. OSHA does not specifically address relative humidity; although, ASHRAE recommends maintaining indoor relative humidity below 65% (ASHRAE 62.1-2010). Relative humidity below 30% may contribute to occupant



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> U.S. Department of Labor: Occupational Safety and Health Administration TED:00-015: Technical Manual; Washington, D.C.; current.

discomfort from dryness. Conversely, humidity in excess of 65% may support the growth and proliferation of microbial organisms. ASHRAE in their newest document (ASHRAE 55 -2021) has identified a 6-step approach to indoor air comfort zones. Temperature levels are found in Table 6, 18 and 27.

- D. Airborne concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) were measured using an RAE Instruments Multirae Lite with Photoionization Detector (PID) on-site. Prior to each use the PID was calibrated against a reference standard (100 ppm isobutylene for a 1:1 benzene response). This meter detects non-specific airborne contaminants with an ionization potential of less than or similar to 10.6 electron volts<sup>35</sup>. The LOD for this device is 1 ppm. A summary of results is identified in Tables 5, 17, and 26. VOC in the built environment above 1 ppm are not typical and should be investigated, according to the U.S. EPA.
- E. Direct reading analysis for ozone was performed using the following methodology: measurements collected in the center of each room, using an Ohio Lumix nanO3 Ozone Monitor. The LOD for this device is 3.0 ppb. This instrument is factory calibrated. A summary of results is identified in Tables 7, 19, and 28. Ozone levels were compared to the NAAQS for sensitive populations, and these are 70 ppb for an 8-hour exposure.
- F. Direct reading analysis for noise was performed using the following methodology: measurements recorded of a minimum and maximum decibel (dBA) value over the course of 2-minute intervals using a TSI Quest SoundPro DL Class 1 sound level meter. This instrument was calibrated on-site using a TSI Quest Acoustical AC-300 Calibrator. A summary of results is identified in Tables 8, 20, and 29. The U.S. EPA has published "nuisance noise levels", which are cited in this work, of 55 dBA.
- G. Direct reading analysis for ultraviolet (UV) light was performed using the following methodology: measurements collected at a distance of 1' from each unit, using an ILT2400 UVGI-NB light meter. The LOD for this device is 50pA. This unit is factory calibrated. A summary of results is identified in Tables 9, 21, and 30. UV light hazards are characterized and calculated based on the frequency/energy of the light wave.
- Direct reading analysis for Electromagnetic Frequency (EMF) levels, using magnetic fields as the indicator, was performed using the following methodology: measurements collected at a distance of 1' away from each unit, using an MSI Magnetic Field Meter. The LOD for this device is .001 Gauss. This unit is factory calibrated. A summary of results is identified in Tables 10, 22, and 31. Reading of 1-10 mG in indoor areas are typical at these distances, although all exposures should be maintained as low as reasonably achievable (ALARA).
- I. Direct reading analysis for general illumination was performed using the following methodology: measurements taken of light sources at various heights and locations using an Extech LT-40 LED light meter. This unit is factory calibrated. A summary of results is identified in Tables 11, 23, and 32 levels of 3-5 ft. candles are needed for safe human movement.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> RAE Instruments: Operator's Manual.

- J. VOC samples were collected using SKC Inc. Coconut Shell Charcoal tubes, part number 226-01. These samples were taken using a Gilian BDX II low-flow pump, calibrated using a Bios Defender 520 primary calibration device. Seven (7) samples were collected at locations throughout the school. One (1) field blank sample was analyzed for comparison. All VOC laboratory analysis for this project was completed via Gas Chromatograph protocol by EMSL Analytical, Inc. (EMSL). A summary of results is identified in Table 12. VOC levels which approach 1 ppm are considered untypical (total VOC).
- K. Nuisance dust in air samples were collected using gravimetric pre-weighed 37 mm PVC cassettes. These samples were taken using a Gilian BDX II low-flow pump, calibrated using a Gilian Gilibrator 2 primary calibration device. Seven (7) samples were collected at locations throughout the school. Two (2) field blank samples were analyzed for comparison. All nuisance dust laboratory analysis for this project was completed via NIOSH 0500 protocol by EMSL. A summary of results is identified in Table 13. Nuisance dusts of > 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> are indicative of poor air quality, however many hygienists apply a factor of 2 to this numerical value (2.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>). Specific wood dusts which cause allergic airway reactions may have values much lower.
- L. Titanium in air samples were collected using gravimetric pre-weighed 37 mm PVC cassettes. These samples were taken using a Gilian BDX II low-flow pump, calibrated using a Gilian Gilibrator 2 primary calibration device. Seven (7) samples were collected at locations throughout the school. Two (2) field blank samples were analyzed for comparison. All titanium laboratory analysis for this project was completed via NIOSH 7303 protocol by EMSL. A summary of results is identified in Table 14.

The exposure assessment protocol for TiO<sub>2</sub> is depicted in Figure 2.

- M. Microbial testing was accomplished using sterile collection swabs. Six (6) samples were collected at locations throughout the school while the air purification units were operational. These six (6) samples were repeated with the air purification units deactivated as background samples for comparison purposes. All microbiological laboratory analysis for this project was completed by EMSL. Samples were taken over a known area and analyzed for colony forming units (CFU) per square inch. A summary of results is identified in Tables 16 and 25. CFU can be qualitatively used to determine if air/surface cleaning is occurring, when normalized for comparison purposes.
- N. Hydroxyl radical testing was performed using Methylene Blue Test Strips. For each location, a wet test strip was extracted from the holding tube using tweezers and placed onto a piece of filter paper. The time was recorded for how long it took the white strip to turn its maximum shade of blue. In each location, a control strip was first tested for color comparison purposes. A summary of results is identified in Tables 15, 24, and 33. This protocol was developed and tested by Dr. Victoria Stanavitch, and the full protocol is appended.



TABLE 5 INDOOR AIR QUALITY UNITS ON LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 2, 2021								
Room	CO₂ ppm	CO ppm	VOC ppm	Time				
Early Childhood Workroom	905	0	0	09:05				
Room 12	1,224	0	0	10:51				
Room 20	605	0	0	10:14				
Cook Gym	814	0	0	13:42				
Kyle Warren Auditorium	731	0	0	11:12				
Clinic	852	0	0	12:11				
Media Center Office	1,288	0	0	13:16				
Innovation Lab 41	688	0	0	15:56				
Tutor Room	1,191	0	0	12:14				
East Hall	1,162	0	0	13:04				
Outside (Background)	460	0	0	16:05				

See activity notes A and B above.



TABLE 6 TEMPERATURE AND RELATIVE HUMIDITY UNITS ON LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 2, 2021									
Room	Temperature (°F)	rH (%)	Time						
Early Childhood Workroom	70.0	49.5	09:00						
Room 12	69.7	54.8	10:51						
Room 20	70.2	51.5	10:14						
Cook Gym	67.1	48.8	13:42						
Kyle Warren Auditorium	69.7	62.6	11:31						
Clinic	73.6	57.9	12:11						
Media Center Office	72.5	55.7	13:16						
Innovation Lab 41 71.4 48.4 15:56									
Tutor Room 77.0 54.0 12:14									
East Hall	71.1	56.6	13:04						
Outside (Background) 74.2 57.1 16:05									

See Activity note A above.



TABLE 7 OZONE LEVELS UNITS ON LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 2, 2021					
Room	Ozone (ppb)	Time			
Early Childhood Workroom	1.9	09:17			
Room 12	6.8	10:49			
Room 20	7.1	10:08			
Cook Gym	4.0	13:42			
Kyle Warren Auditorium	3.5	11:14			
Clinic	3.6	12:04			
Media Center Office	3.5	13:17			
Innovation Lab 41	11.0	15:31			
Tutor Room	5.4	12:15			
East Hall	6.2	13:02			

See activity note C above.

TABLE 8 NOISE LEVELS UNITS ON LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 2, 2021					
Room	Noise range (dBA)	Time	Occupied/Unoccupied		
Early Childhood Workroom	47.1-47.8	10:15	Occupied		
Room 12	50.8-56.5	13:00	Unoccupied		
Room 20	56.1-71.1	13:05	Occupied		
Cook Gym	52.5-56.5	13:46	Occupied		
Kyle Warren Auditorium	50.4-51.2	14:40	Occupied		
Clinic	49.8-70.9	14:30	Occupied		
Media Center Office	51.9-53.5	17:49	Unoccupied		
Innovation Lab 41	55.7-57.1	16:01	Unoccupied		
Tutor Room	56.1-56.6	17:11	Occupied		
East Hall	54.3-55.7	17:37	Unoccupied		

See activity note D above.



TABLE 9 ULTRAVIOLET LIGHT TESTING UNITS ON LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 2, 2021				
Room	UV Levels (A)	Time		
Early Childhood Workroom	5.717e-11, 4.440e-10	09:06		
Room 12	2.550e-10	10:48		
Room 20	6.982e-10, 1.908e-10, 1.143e-10	10:12		
Cook Gym	6.128e-10, 6.525e-10, 2.027e-10, 4.508e-10, 8.155e-10	13:48		
Kyle Warren Auditorium	5.073e-11, 8.191e-11, 4.691e-11, 2.880e-11, 4.675e-11	11:21		
Clinic	1.35e-10	12:07		
Media Center Office	3.653e-11	13:15		
Innovation Lab 41	5.976e-12, 7.561e-11, 3.591e-13	15:54		
Tutor Room	3.858-11	12:17		
East Hall	4.456e-11	13:06		

See activity note E above.

TABLE 10 EMF READINGS UNITS ON LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 2, 2021				
Room	EMF Readings (gauss)	Time		
Early Childhood Workroom	0.004, 0.000	08:44		
Room 12	0.000	10:47		
Room 20	0.001, 0.001, 0.015	10:10		
Cook Gym	0.001, 0.004, 0.003, 0.002, 0.004	13:48		
Kyle Warren Auditorium	0.002, 0.001, 0.009, 0.003, 0.002	11:17		
Clinic	0.002	12:05		
Media Center Office	0.024	13:13		
Innovation Lab 41	0.001, 0.047, 0.011	15:53		
Tutor Room	0.000	12:16		
East Hall	0.002	13:59		

See activity note F above.



	TABLE 11 GENERAL ILLUMINATION UNITS ON LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD		
	DALLAS, TEXAS 75229		
	<b>DECEMBER 2, 2021</b>		_
Room	Illumination Results (fc)	Geometric Mean (fc)	Time
Early Childhood Workroom	17.60, 19.00, 19.05	18.5	08:17
Room 12	19.24, 24.95, 43.36	27.5	10:50
Room 20	20.01, 22.22, 8.50	15.6	10:07
Cook Gym	68.63, 71.74, 100.50	79.1	13:42
Kyle Warren Auditorium	11.24, 5.37, 4.53, 8.84	7.0	11:24
Clinic	20.81, 8.94, 6.28	10.5	12:08
Media Center Office	21.51, 15.46, 17.08	17.8	13:14
Innovation Lab 41	31.20, 35.34, 13.18	24.4	16:03
Tutor Room	14.36, 14.54, 26.17	17.6	14:11
East Hall	1.75, 6.49, 4.70	3.8	13:07

See activity note G above.



TABLE 12 VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS UNITS ON LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 2, 2021								
Analyte	EC Work- room	Room 20	Room 12	Clinic	Cook Gym	Tutor Room	East Hall	Field Blank
Acetonitrile	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
Methyl-t-butyl ether	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
2-Ethoxyethyl Acetate	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
Acetone	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
Benzene	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
Chlorobenzene	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
Chloroform	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
Ethyl Acetate	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
Ethyl Benzene	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
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Isopropanol	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
Methylene chloride	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
n-Butyl Acetate	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
n-Hexane	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
Styrene	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
Tetrachloroethene	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
Tetrahydrofuran	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
Toluene	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
Trichloroethene	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>
Xylenes, Total	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""><td><mrl< td=""></mrl<></td></mrl<>	<mrl< td=""></mrl<>

Table Notes: MRL: Method Reporting Limit

See Activity note H above.



TABLE 13 NUISANCE DUST UNITS ON LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 2, 2021					
Room	Reporting Limit (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Result (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )			
Early Childhood Workroom	0.41	<0.41			
Room 12	0.38	<0.38			
Room 20	0.47	<0.47			
Cook Gym	0.49	<0.49			
Clinic	0.41	<0.41			
Tutor Room	0.35	<0.35			
East Hall	0.47	<0.47			
Field Blank	N/A	N/A			
Field Blank	N/A	N/A			

See activity note I above.

TABLE 14 TITANIUM IN AIR UNITS ON LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 2, 2021					
Room	Reporting Limit (µg/m³)	Result (µg/m³)			
Early Childhood Workroom	8.1	<8.1			
Room 12	7.5	<7.5			
Room 20	9.5	<9.5			
Cook Gym	9.8	<9.8			
Clinic	8.2	<8.2			
Tutor Room	6.9	<6.9			
East Hall	9.5	<9.5			
Field Blank	1.0	<1.0			
Field Blank	1.0	<1.0			

See activity note J above.



TABLE 15 HYDROXYL RADICAL TESTING UNITS ON LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 2, 2021					
Room	Location	Test Duration	Time		
Early Childhood Workroom	Center Table	3:46	10:46		
Room 12	Teacher's Desk	3:46	14:04		
Room 20	Center Desk	3:14	11:20		
Cook Gym	Center Floor	3:09	13:55		
Kyle Warren Auditorium	Rear Table	6:44	14:57		
Clinic	Nurse's Table	4:10	13:39		
Media Center Office	Side Counter	3:57	17:56		
Innovation Lab 41	Center Desk	4:04	16:00		
Tutor Room	Center Desk	2:47	17:09		
East Hall	Center Desk	4:22	17:44		

See activity note L above.

TABLE 16 BACTERIAL PLATE COUNT UNITS ON LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 2, 2021					
Room	Location	Time	Result (CFU/in <sup>2</sup> )		
Early Childhood Workroom	Center Table	08:29	None Detected		
Early Childhood Workroom	Center Table	08:29	None Detected		
Room 12	Center Desk	10:41	None Detected		
Early Childhood Workroom	Center Table	08:29	None Detected		
Room 12	Center Desk	10:41	None Detected		
Room 20	Center Desk	10:03	68		
Early Childhood Workroom	Center Table	08:29	None Detected		
Room 12	Center Desk	10:41	None Detected		
Room 20	Center Desk	10:03	68		
Cook Gym	Center Floor	13:39	7.5		
Early Childhood Workroom	Center Table	08:29	None Detected		
Room 12	Center Desk	10:41	None Detected		
Room 20	Center Desk	10:03	68		
Cook Gym	Center Floor	13:39	7.5		
Clinic	Nurse's Table	12:03	25		

See activity note K above.



TABLE 17 INDOOR AIR QUALITY UNITS OFF LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 3, 2021					
Room	CO₂ ppm	CO ppm	VOC ppm	Time	
Early Childhood Workroom	681	0	0	08:46	
Room 12	1,167	0	0	10:11	
Room 20	1,018	0	0	09:19	
Cook Gym	743	0	0	14:06	
Kyle Warren Auditorium	966	0	0	11:57	
Clinic	969	0	0	12:29	
Innovation Lab 41	625	0	0	16:06	
Outside (Background)	469	0	0	16:30	

See activity notes A and B above.

TABLE 18 TEMPERATURE AND RELATIVE HUMIDITY UNITS OFF LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 3, 2021					
Room	Temperature (°F)	rH (%)	Time		
Early Childhood Workroom	67.0	60.9	08:46		
Room 12	70.1	63.4	10:11		
Room 20	70.0	69.4	09:19		
Cook Gym	68.8	70.2	14:06		
Kyle Warren Auditorium	69.5	71.8	11:57		
Clinic	70.2	74.9	12:29		
Innovation Lab 41	68.6	54.0	16:06		
Outside (Background)	70.1	78.9	16:30		

See activity note A above.


TABLE 19 OZONE LEVELS UNITS OFF LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 3, 2021				
Room	Ozone (ppb)	Time		
Early Childhood Workroom	2.1	08:43		
Room 12	3.4	10:03		
Room 20	3.8	09:15		
Cook Gym	5.1	13:52		
Kyle Warren Auditorium	2.3	11:47		
Clinic	3.2	12:26		
Innovation Lab 41	7.6	15:51		

See activity note C above.

TABLE 20 NOISE LEVELS UNITS OFF LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 3, 2021				
Room	Noise range (dBA)	Time	Occupied/Unoccupied	
Early Childhood Workroom	40.9-44.3	08:50	Unoccupied	
Room 12	40.1-52.2	10:18	Unoccupied	
Room 20	46.1-60.0	09:24	Occupied	
Cook Gym	44.7-45.5	14:11	Unoccupied	
Kyle Warren Auditorium	42.8-47.0	11:53	Unoccupied	
Clinic	49.0-67.1	12:37	Occupied	
Innovation Lab 41	35.0-38.0	16:08	Unoccupied	

See activity note D above.



TABLE 21 ULTRAVIOLET LIGHT TESTING UNITS OFF LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 3. 2021			
Room	UV Levels (A)	Time	
Early Childhood Workroom	1.267e-10, 6.870e-11	08:44	
Room 12	9.733e-11	10:09	
Room 20	1.951e-11, 1.615e-10, 7.046e-11	09:17	
Cook Gym	2.045e-10, 6.737e-11, 7.762e-11, 1.273e-10, 3.947e-10	14:04	
Kyle Warren Auditorium	7.423e-12, 3.045e-11, 1.248e-11, 3.593e-11, 3.335e-12	11:55	
Clinic	2.124e-09	12:25	
Innovation Lab 41	7.109e-11, 1.743e-13, 9.528e-14	15:57	

See activity note E above.

TABLE 22 EMF READINGS UNITS OFF LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 3. 2021			
Room	EMF Readings (gauss)	Time	
Early Childhood Workroom	0.000, 0.000	08:41	
Room 12	0.000	10:07	
Room 20	0.000, 0.000, 0.000	09:14	
Cook Gym	0.000, 0.000, 0.000, 0.000, 0.000	13:58	
Kyle Warren Auditorium	0.000, 0.000, 0.000, 0.000, 0.004	11:49	
Clinic	0.000	12:24	
Innovation Lab 41	0.000, 0.000, 0.000	13:59	

See activity note F above.



TABLE 23 GENERAL ILLUMINATION UNITS OFF LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 3, 2021				
Room	Illumination Results (fc)	Geometric Mean (fc)	Time	
Early Childhood Workroom	18.36, 24.37, 19.21	20.5	08:43	
Room 12	16.36, 38.13, 20.12	23.2	10:14	
Room 20	20.61, 13.87, 5.41	11.6	09:21	
Cook Gym	41.60, 34.42, 54.71	42.8	14:08	
Kyle Warren Auditorium	16.10, 6.85, 6.10	8.8	11:59	
Clinic	14.01, 51.28, 6.17	16.4	12:30	
Innovation Lab 41	35.85, 23.14, 28.81	28.8	16:02	

See activity note G above.

TABLE 24 HYDROXYL RADICAL TESTING UNITS OFF LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 3, 2021					
Room	Location	Test Duration	Time		
Early Childhood Workroom	Center Table	5:32	09:03		
Room 12	Center Desk	5:21	10:31		
Room 20	Teacher's Desk	5:39	09:43		
Cook Gym	Center Floor	6:23	14:20		
Kyle Warren Auditorium	Rear Table	9:13	12:17		
Clinic	Rear Counter	4:37	12:43		
Innovation Lab 41	Innovation Lab 41 Center Desk 7:33 16:17				
Outside (Background)	Sidewalk	9:20	13:41		

See activity note L above.



TABLE 25 BACTERIAL PLATE COUNT UNITS OFF LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 3, 2021				
Room	Location	Time	Result (CFU/in <sup>2</sup> )	
Early Childhood Workroom	Center Table	08:55	None Detected	
Room 12	Center Desk	09:59	140	
Room 20	Center Desk	09:30	None Detected	
Cook Gym	Center Floor	13:50	>13,000	
Clinic	Sink Counter	12:22	None Detected	
Innovation Lab 41	Center Desk	15:31	>13,000	

See activity note K above.

TABLE 26 INDOOR AIR QUALITY CONTROLLED CLIMATE UNITS ON LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 4, 2021					
Room	CO <sub>2</sub> ppm	CO ppm	VOC ppm	Time	
Innovation Lab 41	545	0	0	06:54	
Innovation Lab 41	593	0	0	09:02	
Innovation Lab 41 641 0 0 11:15					
Innovation Lab 41 620 0 0 12:34					
Innovation Lab 40 (Background) 557 0 0 11:34					
Outside (Background)	471	0	0	11:39	

See activity notes A and B above.



TABLE 27				
	<b>TEMPERATURE</b>	AND RELATIVE HUMIDITY		
	CONTR	OLLED CLIMATE		
	l l	UNITS ON		
	LAMPL	IGHTER SCHOOL		
	11611	INWOOD ROAD		
	DALLA	S, TEXAS 75229		
	DECE	MBER 4, 2021		
Room Temperature rH (%) Time				
Innovation Lab 41	68.1	54.0	06:54	
Innovation Lab 41	70.2	56.4	09:02	
Innovation Lab 41 72.9 53.4 11:15				
Innovation Lab 41	75.2	44.5	12:37	
Innovation Lab 40 (Background)	71.5	48.8	11:34	
Outside (Background)	79.5	79.5	11:39	

See activity note A above.

TABLE 28 OZONE LEVELS CONTROLLED CLIMATE UNITS ON LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 4, 2021				
Room	Ozone (ppb)	Time		
Innovation Lab 41	2.2	06:56		
Innovation Lab 41	2.7	09:05		
Innovation Lab 41	2.6	11:17		
Innovation Lab 41	2.5	12:37		

See activity note C above.



TABLE 29				
	NOISE LEVELS			
	CONTROLLED CLIMA	TE		
	UNITS ON			
	LAMPLIGHTER SCHO	OL		
	11611 INWOOD ROA	ND		
	DALLAS, TEXAS 7522	29		
	DECEMBER 4, 2021			
Room	Noise range (dBA)	Time	Occupied/Unoccupied	
Innovation Lab 41	55.7-56.3	07:09	Unoccupied	
Innovation Lab 41	54.8-55.6	09:24	Unoccupied	
Innovation Lab 41	53.7-54.2	11:24	Unoccupied	
Innovation Lab 41	55.8-56.2	12:42	Unoccupied	

See activity note D above.

TABLE 30 ULTRAVIOLET LIGHT TESTING CONTROLLED CLIMATE UNITS ON LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229			
Room	UV Levels (A)	Time	
Innovation Lab 41	7.567e-13, 4.037e-11, 1.317e-12	6:56	
Innovation Lab 41	1.156e-11, 6.495e-11, 7.854e-12	9:08	
Innovation Lab 41	2.386e-11, 5.546e-11, 1.598e-11	11:20	
Innovation Lab 41	1.513e-11, 4.474e-11, 6.513e-12	12:39	

See activity note E above.



TABLE 31 EMF READINGS CONTROLLED CLIMATE UNITS ON LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 4, 2021					
Room	EMF Readings (gauss)	Time			
Innovation Lab 41	0.000, 0.096, 0.004	07:01			
Innovation Lab 41	0.001, 0.091, 0.007	09:04			
Innovation Lab 41	0.000, 0.124, 0.002	11:18			
Innovation Lab 41	0.001, 0.075, 0.008	12:36			

See activity note F above.

TABLE 32 GENERAL ILLUMINATION CONTROLLED CLIMATE UNITS ON LAMPLIGHTER SCHOOL 11611 INWOOD ROAD DALLAS, TEXAS 75229 DECEMBER 4. 2021						
Room	Illumination Results (fc)	Geometric Mean (fc)	Time			
Innovation Lab 41	33.87, 22.71, 21.37	25.4	07:06			
Innovation Lab 41	32.06, 31.52, 30.12	31.2	09:14			
Innovation Lab 41	49.14, 40.03, 36.58	42.6	11:21			
Innovation Lab 41	40.04, 43.65, 36.42	39.9	12:37			

See activity note G above.



TABLE 33								
	HYDROXYL RADICAL TES	STING						
	CONTROLLED CLIMA	TE						
	UNITS ON							
	LAMPLIGHTER SCHO	OL						
	11611 INWOOD ROA	AD						
	DALLAS, TEXAS 7522	29						
DECEMBER 4, 2021								
Room	Location	Test Duration	Time					
Innovation Lab 41	Center Table	3:54	07:15					
Innovation Lab 41	Center Table	4:01	09:19					
Innovation Lab 41	Center Table	4:03	11:30					
Innovation Lab 41	Center Table	3:59	12:52					

See activity note L above.

It is important to note that the results of the surveys identified in this report are representative of the conditions that were present during sampling. It is possible that changes in atmospheric conditions, building usage, ventilation rates, etc., could affect these results.

### **RESULTS SUMMARY**

Below are identified key findings for each parameter investigated:

- Indoor Air Quality: IAQ parameters were found to be typical to the school environment. Interior CO<sub>2</sub> levels were found to be less than X3 exterior in all cases extensive on-site sampling was performed. CO<sub>2</sub> levels rose during the day and in comparison to non-occupied areas. (Note: This indicates both near-full occupancy [exhaled breathe = CO<sub>2</sub>] and may indicate an inefficient HVAC system in SOME areas). Less than 1 ppm of VOC were identified through the school. Indoor air quality data was compared to the recommended levels published by ASHRAE and the U.S. EPA (National Ambient Air Quality Standards).
- Temperature and rH: During the testing, temperatures were found to be between 67 and 77 degrees, with rH below exterior levels. (Note: ASHRAE recommends a comfort zone of temperatures which now take into consideration multiple factors; however, the scale roughly mimics the temperature range found [no solar loads need be considered indoors, and wind speed is negligent]). The tests were indicative of all ranges recommended by ASHRAE as temperatures and rH were able to be varied by approximately 10°F and 28% rH. ASHRAE comfort zone criteria were used for comparisons.
- Ozone (O<sub>3</sub>): Negligent levels of O<sub>3</sub> were identified upon test, and the levels of O<sub>3</sub> present were found to be similar (i.e., within 1.4 parts per billion) with AP equipment running and not running. Note: The National Ambient Air Quality Standards for O<sub>3</sub> are 70 ppb, and levels below 10 ppb were found in all cases. There is not an O<sub>3</sub> concern from this equipment. The NAAQS were used for comparison purposes.



- Physical Noise: Testing for sound pressure levels was performed during all testing, and in general, levels were found to be louder in occupied rooms versus unoccupied. In no cases were hazardous or dangerous noise or sound pressure levels found. Levels of 45-55 dBA are typically identified as a no nuisance level in varied occupancies, while levels of 70 dB over a lifetime are indicative of potential harm (U.S. EPA). Levels found were 47-56 dBA with equipment operating, 40-60 dBA without equipment operating and above 55 dBA in certain unoccupied rooms. (Note: The portion of sound pressure increased by AP equipment is negligible and does not add to nuisance or hazardous noise.) When compared to occupational noise and sound pressure standards, these levels are below any levels of concern.
- Bacteria: Sampling of surfaces occurred and were normalized by Colony Forming Units per square inch. In no cases did bacterial levels rise. With units off there were two (2) locations where bacterial levels were elevated by multiple orders of magnitude and a third where they were 140 CFU higher (significantly above non detected) in a classroom. It appears based on the quantities found in some of the samples that the AP units in concert with standard housekeeping, reduce bacteria by up to five (5) orders of magnitude.
- UV LIGHT Spectrum Issues: UV light ranges were tested both with and without the units operating, UV was in the 10E-10 to 10E-14 range, and in one case higher without the AP equipment running (other electrical equipment in the room was operating). There are no energy levels of concern.
- General Light Spectral Levels: The varied levels of light did not influence the results of tests or the levels of ·OH found.
- Hydroxy-radical (·OH) Levels: ·OH levels in all cases were found to be greater than levels with the units off. This was found through the varied temperature ranges, the varied light, sound pressure and rH conditions. Varying the environment did not change these findings. They matched the bacterial findings. Dust levels in air were found to be negligible. This testing identified that if units are maintained and used as directed, they will produce the expected effect and reduce bacteria. (Of note: There is not a fully recognized test for ·OH in air. The testing procedure, which has undergone peer review, is awaiting collegial publication.)
- EMF: Equipment which utilizes electricity creates both an electric and a magnetic field, potentially carcinogenic (as identified by EPA/WHO) and subsequently Recommended Exposure Levels are ALARA. While some states regulate these devices in "child intended", equipment must follow recommendations of the professional bodies. California has removed exposure levels (numerical) and utilizes the ALARA concept. Site testing was completed with calibrated equipment, and most levels hovered around the 1-5 mGauss level, which is average for homes in the United States. The outlier was the Innovation Lab, which had a good amount of electrical equipment. These levels meet the ALARA standard. There is no EMF concern generated with AP equipment.
- DUSTS: Dusts were collected and measured for both ambient purposes as well as to determine the composition of the dusts (See TiO<sub>2</sub> comment below). In all cases (with equipment running) dusts were below detectable levels, and less than a mg. The equipment does not increase ambient dust levels however, it also maintains levels as non-detectable or reduces ambient dust levels.
- Titanium Dioxide: TiO<sub>2</sub> now considered carcinogenic by many scientific bodies was collected and measured. The recommended procedure for collection and analysis was followed (this is a 3-step analysis process). In all cases TiO<sub>2</sub> levels were found to be below levels of concern (While some particulate matter was identified, it was not found to meet the criteria for analysis for TiO<sub>2</sub>, based on the best science available.) There is not a TiO<sub>2</sub> concern from AP equipment based on the levels found.



### **CONCLUSIONS**

It is reasonable to conclude that: If used according to manufacturer's recommendations and in combination with an appropriate cleaning program, the tested devices (AP) will safely and continuously eliminate viral particles in air, reduce bacterial loads and minimize other ambient dusts.

### **RECOMMENDATIONS**

AP may wish to consider additional testing to verify the conclusion stated above if:

- i) The equipment is used outside of parameters recommended by the manufacturer.
- ii) •OH quantitative testing is validated for field use.

### **CERTIFICATION**

The information contained in this report is believed to be accurate and true to the best knowledge of the inspector(s). Findings and recommendations for this investigation are based on the observations of the conditions, as they existed at that time. The inspector(s) and Pennoni assumes no liability for financial or health consequences due to actions or lack of actions taken by the client as a result of this investigation.

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### APPENDIX A

Fact Sheet

# APPENDIX B

Sampling Laboratory Reports and Associated Chains of Custody

# APPENDIX C

**HVAC Information** 

# APPENDIX D

Campus Map

# APPENDIX E

Hydroxyl Radical Testing Protocol

### APPENDIX A

Fact Sheet



**Background**: The Lamplighter School has purchased air cleaning equipment from the ACTIVEPURE Technologies LLC and has installed this portable equipment in various classrooms and areas. ACTIVEPURE performs routine testing of their equipment to ensure safety and efficacy and has requested access to areas of the school to perform these tests, which should occur in mid-November. Testing is performed under the direction and supervision of an independent Scientific Review Board consisting of a medical doctor, an engineer, a biologist and an Industrial Hygienist. Frequent questions (FAQ) are found below:

### WHAT TYPE OF TEST ARE BEING PERFORMED?

Two types of tests will be performed, tests to ensure byproducts of the air cleaning equipment are in safe ranges and tests to ensure the equipment efficacy. Safety testing equipment consists of small "pumps" which breathe as we do, and appropriate collection media over which air is drawn. The media is analyzed at an independent lab. The equipment is pictured. Air is collected at floor level and in breathing zone ranges (3-6 feet). Efficiency testing equipment consists of small "plates" to both collect air cleaning emissions and ensure it will clean viral/bacterial particles.



### ARE THERE ANY DANGEROUS CHEMICAL USED IN THE TESTS ?

No, filter media consists of charcoal and coconut shell grindings and is completely enclosed. Viral/ bacterial tests use surrogates, NOT live agents. Air temperature and moisture content, as well as equipment noise levels is also checked.

### WILL WE HAVE ACCESS TO THE TEST RESULTS?

Yes, once the scientific review panel provides ActivePure with test results ActivePure has assured us that they will rapidly provide summaries and reports. This will be 14-28 days after tests are collected.

# CAN WE HAVE ACCESS TO THE ACTIVEPURE SCIENTIFIC REVIEW PERSONNEL – TO ASK QUESTIONS ABOUT THE TESTS OR RESULTS ?

Yes, we can collect questions in both areas and provide them to the panel directly for answers, which will come directly back to us as well as ActivePure.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION NOW – CONTACT MARYNELL MURPHY AT

This FACT SHEET was prepared by Joseph Cocciardi, PhD, CIH, CSP, REHS/RS, Chair of the ActivePure device scientific review panel (10/18/2021).

# APPENDIX B

Sampling Laboratory Reports and Associated Chains of Custody



Joe Cocciardi Pennoni Associates 4 Kacey Court Mechanicsburg, PA 17055 December 20, 2021 Report #: 2101019

RE: APURE21001

Dear Joe Cocciardi:

EMSL Analytical, Inc. received samples for the project identified above on December 13, 2021. All samples were received in acceptable condition and analyzed in the EMSL Analytical, Inc. laboratory unless otherwise noted. Analytical results are summarized in the following report. These results are not method blank or field blank corrected unless otherwise indicated. All routine quality assurance procedures were followed and all quality control acceptance criteria were met, unless otherwise noted.

EMSL Analytical, Inc. (ID 101103) is an EPA-recognized NLLAP laboratory based on its accreditation by the AIHA Laboratory Accreditation Programs, LLC (AIHA-LAP, LLC) in the Environmental Lead and Industrial Hygiene laboratory accreditation programs as documented by the Scope of Accreditation Certificate and associated Scope.

Where possible, the samples will be retained by the laboratory for 60 days following issuance of the initial final report. The samples will be disposed of or returned at that time. Arrangements can be made for extended storage by contacting me at this time.

We appreciate your decision to use EMSL Analytical, Inc. for this project. We are committed to being your vendor of choice to meet your analytical chemistry needs.

If you have any questions please contact me at the above phone number.

Sincerely,

Mark Erickson Project Manager



Pennoni Associates	Client Ref: APURE21001	Report #: 2101019
4 Kacey Court	Client Contact: Joe Cocciardi	Project Mgr: Mark Erickson
Mechanicsburg, PA 17055	PO Number: NA	Account ID: PENA75

### **Qualifiers and Abbreviations**

COC	Chain of Custody
MRL	Method Reporting Limit
ppm	Parts per million in Air
NA	Not Applicable
NR	Not Reported
%Rec	Percent Recovery
RPD	Relative Percent Difference



Pennoni Associates	Client Ref: APURE21001	Report #: 2101019
4 Kacey Court	Client Contact: Joe Cocciardi	Project Mgr: Mark Erickson
Mechanicsburg, PA 17055	PO Number: NA	Account ID: PENA75

Sample Summary									
Sample ID	Laboratory ID	Matrix	Area, Air Volume or Time Sampled	Date Sampled	Date Received				
9510167135 - Early Childhood Workroom	2101019-01	Air Tube	3.66 Liters	12/02/21 10:03	12/13/21 09:35				
9510167139 - Room 20	2101019-02	Air Tube	2.925 Liters	12/02/21 12:10	12/13/21 09:35				
9510168225 - Room 12	2101019-03	Air Tube	3.0 Liters	12/02/21 13:18	12/13/21 09:35				
9510167140 - Clinic	2101019-04	Air Tube	2.241 Liters	12/02/21 14:26	12/13/21 09:35				
9510167131 - Cook Gym	2101019-05	Air Tube	2.963 Liters	12/02/21 16:05	12/13/21 09:35				
9510168225 - Tutor Room	2101019-06	Air Tube	2.982 Liters	12/02/21 16:22	12/13/21 09:35				
9510167137 - East Hall	2101019-07	Air Tube	2.905 Liters	12/02/21 18:29	12/13/21 09:35				
9510168222	2101019-08	Air Tube	NA	12/02/21 00:00	12/13/21 09:35				



Pennoni Associates	Client Ref: APURE21001	Report #: 2101019
4 Kacey Court	Client Contact: Joe Cocciardi	Project Mgr: Mark Erickson
Mechanicsburg, PA 17055	PO Number: NA	Account ID: PENA75

	Analyte	Result	MRL	Units	Dilution	Prepared	Analyzed	Analyst	Method	Notes
EMSL	Analytical, Inc.									
21010	19-01 9510167135 - Early Child	hood Wor	kroom (A	ir Tube	)					
	A sotonituile	< 0.550	0.550		1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCa hu	
	Accontine	< 0.559	0.559	ррш	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDE	GC R1	
	Methyl-t-butyl ether	< 0.227	0.227	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
				r r					GC R1	
	2-Ethoxyethyl Acetate	< 0.187	0.187	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
									GC R1	
	Acetone	< 2.21	2.21	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
			0.105			10/15/01	10/16/01		GC R1	
	Benzene	< 0.127	0.127	ppm	I	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
	Chlorobenzene	< 0.182	0.182	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDF	VOCs by	
	emorobelizette	< 0.102	0.102	ppm	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDL	GC R1	
	Chloroform	< 0.168	0.168	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
									GC R1	
	Ethyl Acetate	< 0.247	0.247	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
									GC R1	
	Ethyl Benzene	< 0.185	0.185	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
	· · · ·					10/15/01	10/16/01		GC R1	
	Isobutanol	< 1.55	1.55	ppm	I	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
	Isopropanol	< 1.99	1 99	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDF	VOCs by	
	isopropanor	<1. <i>)</i> )	1.))	ppm	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDL	GC R1	
	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	< 0.312	0.312	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
									GC R1	
	Methylene chloride	< 0.231	0.231	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
									GC R1	
	n-Butyl Acetate	< 0.174	0.174	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
	11	< 0.452	0.452		1	10/15/01	10/16/01	MDE	GC R1	
	n-Hexane	< 0.452	0.452	ppm	I	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	CC P1	
	Styrene	< 1.25	1 25	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
	Stylene	1.20	1.20	ppin	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDL	GC R1	
	Tetrachloroethene	< 0.120	0.120	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
									GC R1	
	Tetrahydrofuran	< 0.284	0.284	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
									GC R1	
	Toluene	< 0.220	0.220	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
	Tricklargethene	< 0.152	0.152		1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	GC RI	
	memoroemene	< 0.155	0.155	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/10/21	MDE	GC P1	
	Xylenes Total	< 0.566	0 566	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
	, <i>.,</i>			rr	-				GC R1	

### 2101019-02 9510167139 - Room 20 (Air Tube)



Report #: 2101019

4 Kacey Court		Client Contact: J	loe Cocciar	·di	Project Mgr: Mark Erickson					
Mechanicsburg, PA	17055	PO Number: NA	۱ <u> </u>				Accour	nt ID: PEN.	A75	
Analyte		Result	MRL	<u>Units</u>	Dilution	Prepared	Analyzed	Analyst	Method	Notes
2101019-02	9510167139 - Roo	om 20 (Air Tube)								
Acetonitrile	<b>;</b>	< 0.700	0.700	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs bv	
		0.700		r <b>r</b>	-				GC R1	
Methyl-t-bu	utyl ether	< 0.284	0.284	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
									GC R1	
2-Ethoxyeth	hyl Acetate	< 0.234	0.234	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
			-					•	GC R1	
Acetone		< 2.77	2.77	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
D		-0.150	0.150		1	10/16/21	10/16/01	MDE	GC R1	
Benzene		< 0.159	0.159	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VUUS by	
Chlorobarr	iene	~ 0 227	0 227	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	UC KI	
Uniorobenz	Lene	<ul><li><a>0.227</a></li></ul>	0.227	рри	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDE	GC R1	
Chloroform	1	< 0.210	0.210	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDF	VOCs by	
	-	0.210	5.210	Phil	1	12/13/21	10/21		GC R1	
Ethyl Aceta	ıte	< 0.309	0.309	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
									GC R1	
Ethyl Benze	ene	< 0.232	0.232	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
				- •					GC R1	
Isobutanol		< 1.94	1.94	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
									GC R1	
Isopropano	1	< 2.48	2.48	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
·· · · -	1.12	· · ·	0.00			10/1-7-1	10// 5/5		GC R1	
Methyl Eth	yı Ketone	< 0.391	0.391	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
Mathe-1	chloride	~ 0.000	0.200	nn	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	GC RI	
wietnylene	CHIOLIUC	× 0.289	0.289	рри	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDE	GC P1	
n-Rutyl A of	etate	< 0.218	0.218	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDF	VOCs by	
ii Dutyi AO		- 0.210	5.210	Phil	1	12/13/21	10/21		GC R1	
n-Hexane		< 0.565	0.565	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
									GC R1	
Styrene		< 1.56	1.56	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
									GC R1	
Tetrachloro	bethene	< 0.150	0.150	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
			-						GC R1	
Tetrahydroi	furan	< 0.355	0.355	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
<b>T</b> 1		- 0.075	0.255		1	10/15/01	10/16/01	MDE	GC R1	
Toluene		< 0.275	0.275	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VUUS by	
Triablana -4	hene	< 0.101	0 101	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	UCC KI	
memoroet.	none	<ul><li>&gt; 0.171</li></ul>	0.171	hhin	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDE	GC R1	
Xvlenes To	otal	< 0.709	0 709	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
ryienco, I(		- 0.109	5.107	rpm	1				GC R1	
2101010_03	9510168775 - Doo	m 12 (Air Tuba)								
	2010100220 - NUU		0 60-			10/15/5	10/17/17		Voc :	
Acetonitrile	e	< 0.682	0.682	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VUUS by	
									GUKI	

Client Ref: APURE21001



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Pennoni Associates	Client Ref: APU	RE21001				Report	#: 2101019	)	
4 Kacey Court	Client Contact: J	Joe Cocciar	di		Project Mgr: Mark Erickson				
Mechanicsburg, PA 17055	PO Number: NA	۱				Accour	nt ID: PENA	475	_
Analvte	Result	MRL	Units	Dilution	Prepared	Analvzed	Analyst	Method	Notes
2101010 03 0510160225 D-	om 17 (Air Tuba)								
2101017-03 7510108225 - K0	om 12 (All' Lube)								
Methyl-t-butyl ether	< 0.277	0.277	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
2 Ethowyothyl A satat-	~ 0.000	0.220	<b>n</b> n	1	12/15/21	10/16/01	MDE	UC KI	
2-Euloxyeinyi Acetate	< 0.228	0.228	ppm	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDE	CC P1	
Acetone	< 2.70	2 70	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDF	UC KI	
ACTOR	× 2.70	2.70	рып	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDE	GC P1	
Benzene	< 0.155	0 155	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDF	VOCs by	
Denzene	~ 0.133	5.155	PPIII	1	1 2 / ل 1 / 2 .	12/10/21		GC R1	
Chlorobenzene	< 0.222	0.222	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
	÷.===			-		1		GC R1	
Chloroform	< 0.205	0.205	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
-							_	GC R1	
Ethyl Acetate	< 0.302	0.302	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
-			**					GC R1	
Ethyl Benzene	< 0.226	0.226	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Isobutanol	< 1.90	1.90	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Isopropanol	< 2.42	2.42	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	< 0.381	0.381	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
		_						GC R1	
Methylene chloride	< 0.282	0.282	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
		A - · ·			10/2 - 2			GC R1	
n-Butyl Acetate	< 0.213	0.213	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
	- A FF1	0.551		1	10/16/21	10/16/01	MDE	GC R1	
n-Hexane	< 0.551	0.551	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VUUS by	
Sturana	~ 1.50	1.50	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	UCC h	
Styrene	< 1.32	1.32	рріп	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDE	GC P1	
Tetrachloroethene	< 0.146	0 146	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDF	VOCs by	
rendemonoculent	~ 0.140	0.140	Phill	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDE	GC R1	
Tetrahydrofuran	< 0.346	0.346	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
,			r r	-				GC R1	
Toluene	< 0.268	0.268	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
		-	**					GC R1	
Trichloroethene	< 0.186	0.186	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Xylenes, Total	< 0.691	0.691	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
2101019-04 9510167140 - Cli	nic (Air Tube)								
Acetonitrile	< 0.913	0 913	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
	· 0.713	5.713	rpin					GC R1	
Methyl-t-butyl ether	< 0.371	0.371	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
			11					GC R1	



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Pennoni Associates	Client Ref: APURE21001					Report #: 2101019					
4 Kacey Court	Client Contact:	Joe Cocciar	di		Project Mgr: Mark Erickson						
Mechanicsburg, PA 17055	PO Number: NA	4				Accou	nt ID: PEN.	A75			
-											
Analyte	Result	MRL	Units	Dilution	Prepared	Analyzed	Analyst	Method	Notes		
2101019-04 9510167140 - Clinic (A	Air Tube)										
2 Ethowyothyl Agotato	< 0.206	0.206		1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCa by			
2-Emoxyemyi Acetate	< 0.500	0.500	ppm	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDL	GC R1			
Acetone	< 3.61	3.61	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDF	VOCs by			
Accione	< 5.01	5.01	ppm	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDL	GC R1			
Benzene	< 0.207	0 207	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by			
Denzene	0.207	0.207	ppin	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDL	GC R1			
Chlorobenzene	< 0.297	0.297	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by			
			11					GC R1			
Chloroform	< 0.274	0.274	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by			
								GC R1			
Ethyl Acetate	< 0.404	0.404	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by			
								GC R1			
Ethyl Benzene	< 0.302	0.302	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by			
								GC R1			
Isobutanol	< 2.54	2.54	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by			
								GC R1			
Isopropanol	< 3.24	3.24	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by			
								GC R1			
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	< 0.510	0.510	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by			
N 4 1 11 11	< 0.270	0.270		1	10/15/01	10/16/01	MDE	GCRI			
Methylene chloride	< 0.3/8	0.378	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by			
n Putul Acotato	< 0.285	0.285		1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	UCCa by			
n-butyl Acetate	< 0.285	0.285	ррш	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDE	GC P1			
n-Hevane	< 0.738	0 738	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDF	VOCs by			
ii flexule	< 0.750	0.750	ppin	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDL	GC R1			
Styrene	< 2.04	2.04	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by			
~			PP	-				GC R1			
Tetrachloroethene	< 0.195	0.195	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by			
								GC R1			
Tetrahydrofuran	< 0.463	0.463	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by			
								GC R1			
Toluene	< 0.359	0.359	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by			
								GC R1			
Trichloroethene	< 0.249	0.249	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by			
								GC R1			
Xylenes, Total	< 0.925	0.925	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by			
								GC R1			
2101019-05 9510167131 - Cook G	ym (Air Tube)										
Acetonitrile	< 0.691	0.691	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by			
			F F	-				GC R1			
Methyl-t-butyl ether	< 0.281	0.281	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by			
								GC R1			
2-Ethoxyethyl Acetate	< 0.231	0.231	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by			
								GC R1			



Pennoni Associates	Client Ref: APURE21001	Report #: 2101019
4 Kacey Court	Client Contact: Joe Cocciardi	Project Mgr: Mark Erickson
Mechanicsburg, PA 17055	PO Number: NA	Account ID: PENA75

Analyte	Result	MRL	Units	Dilution	Prepared	Analyzed	Analyst	Method	Notes
2101019-05 9510167131 - Cook	Gym (Air Tube)								
Acetone	< 2.73	2.73	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Benzene	< 0.157	0.157	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
	< 0.224	0.224		1	10/15/01	10/16/01	MDE	GC R1	
Chlorobenzene	< 0.224	0.224	ppm	I	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	CC P1	
Chloroform	< 0.207	0.207	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDF	VOCs by	
Chiofololini	< 0.207	0.207	ppm	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDL	GC R1	
Ethyl Acetate	< 0.305	0.305	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
			r r					GC R1	
Ethyl Benzene	< 0.229	0.229	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Isobutanol	< 1.92	1.92	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Isopropanol	< 2.45	2.45	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
		0.000			10/15/01	10/1//01		GC R1	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	< 0.386	0.386	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
Mathulana ablarida	< 0.296	0.206		1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	GC KI VOCa hu	
Methylene chloride	< 0.280	0.280	ppm	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDE	GC P1	
n-Butyl Acetate	< 0.215	0.215	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDF	VOCs by	
n-Dutyl Accurc	< 0.215	0.215	ppm	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDL	GC R1	
n-Hexane	< 0.558	0.558	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
			r r					GC R1	
Styrene	< 1.54	1.54	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Tetrachloroethene	< 0.148	0.148	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Tetrahydrofuran	< 0.350	0.350	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
	. 0. 071	0.071			10/15/01	10/16/01	MDE	GC R1	
Ioluene	< 0.271	0.271	ppm	I	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
Trichloroethene	< 0.188	0.188	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
memoroeutene	< 0.188	0.188	ppm	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDL	GC R1	
Xylenes Total	< 0.700	0 700	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
			PP	-	, -•,	,-,		GC R1	
2101019-06 9510168225 - Tutor	Room (Air Tube)								
A actonitrila	< 0.6%	0 696		1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCa hu	
Acetonitrite	< 0.080	0.080	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/10/21	MDE	VOCS By	
Methyl-t-butyl ether	< 0.279	0 279	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDF	VOCsby	
wonyr-c-butyr chior	~ 0.277	0.279	Phin	1	14/13/41	12/10/21	MDL	GC R1	
2-Ethoxyethyl Acetate	< 0.230	0.230	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
			r r	-				GC R1	
Acetone	< 2.72	2.72	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	



Pennoni Associates	Client Ref: APURE21001	Report #: 2101019
4 Kacey Court	Client Contact: Joe Cocciardi	Project Mgr: Mark Erickson
Mechanicsburg, PA 17055	PO Number: NA	Account ID: PENA75

Analyte	Result	MRL	Units	Dilution	Prepared	Analyzed	Analyst	Method	Notes
2101019-06 9510168225 - Tutor R	oom (Air Tube)								
Demone	< 0.156	0.156		1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCa hu	
Beilzelle	< 0.150	0.130	ррш	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDE	GC P1	
Chlorobenzene	< 0.223	0 223	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
	0.220	0.220	PPIII		12,10,21	12/10/21	mb E	GC R1	
Chloroform	< 0.206	0.206	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Ethyl Acetate	< 0.303	0.303	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Ethyl Benzene	< 0.227	0.227	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Isobutanol	< 1.91	1.91	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
	10.44	2.44			10/15/01	10/16/01	MDE	GC R1	
Isopropanol	< 2.44	2.44	ppm	I	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
Mathyl Ethyl Katana	< 0.282	0.282		1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	UCCs by	
Methyl Ethyl Ketolie	< 0.383	0.383	ppm	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDE	GC R1	
Methylene chloride	< 0.284	0 284	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDF	VOCs by	
Wearyiene emoriae	× 0.204	0.204	ppm	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDL	GC R1	
n-Butvl Acetate	< 0.214	0.214	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
			r r					GC R1	
n-Hexane	< 0.554	0.554	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Styrene	< 1.53	1.53	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Tetrachloroethene	< 0.147	0.147	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Tetrahydrofuran	< 0.348	0.348	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
	< 0.270	0.270		1	10/15/01	10/16/01	MDE	GC RI	
Toluene	< 0.270	0.270	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCS by	
Trichloroethene	< 0.187	0 187	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDF	VOCs by	
memoroethene	< 0.107	0.107	ppm	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDL	GC R1	
Xylenes, Total	< 0.695	0.695	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
			r r					GC R1	
2101019-07 9510167137 - East Ha	ll (Air Tube)								
Apatonitrila	< 0.705	0 705		1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCa hu	
Acetomume	< 0.703	0.703	ррш	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDE	GC R1	
Methyl-t-butyl ether	< 0.286	0.286	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
intering i vourge entret	5.200	0.200	rrm	1	12, 10, 21	12, 10, 21		GC R1	
2-Ethoxyethyl Acetate	< 0.236	0.236	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
			11					GC R1	
Acetone	< 2.79	2.79	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Benzene	< 0.160	0.160	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	



Pennoni Associates	Client Ref: APU	RE21001			Report #: 2101019				
4 Kacey Court	Client Contact: J	loe Cocciai	rdi			Project Mgr: Mark Erickson			
Mechanicsburg, PA 17055	PO Number: NA	1				Accou	nt ID: PEN.	A75	
Analuta	D could	MDT	Unita	Dilution	Dronoral	Analyzed	Analyst	Matha J	Notec
		WIKL	Units	מחחות	riepared	Anaryzed	Anaryst	wiethod	inotes
2101019-07 9510167137 - East	: Hall (Air Tube)								
Chlorobenzene	< 0.229	0.229	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by GC R1	
Chloroform	< 0.212	0.212	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
Ethyl Acetate	< 0.312	0.312	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
Ethyl Benzene	< 0.233	0.233	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	GC R1 VOCs by	
Isobutanol	< 1.96	1.96	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	GC R1 VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Isopropanol	< 2.50	2.50	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by GC R1	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	< 0.393	0.393	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
Methylene chloride	< 0.291	0.291	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
n-Butyl Acetate	< 0.220	0.220	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
n-Hexane	< 0.569	0.569	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	GC R1 VOCs by	
Styrene	< 1 57	1 57	nnm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDF	GC R1 VOCs by	
Styrene	~ 1.57	1.57	hhm	1	14/13/41	12/10/21	MDE	GC R1	
Tetrachloroethene	< 0.151	0.151	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by GC R1	
Tetrahydrofuran	< 0.357	0.357	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
Toluene	< 0.277	0.277	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
Trichloroethene	< 0.192	0.192	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	GC RI VOCs by	
Xylenes, Total	< 0.714	0.714	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	GC R1 VOCs by	
								GC R1	
2101019-08 9510168222 (Air T	Tube)								
Acetonitrile	< 3.44	3.44	ug/tube	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
Methyl-t-butyl ether	< 6.00	6.00	ppm	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
2-Ethoxyethyl Acetate	< 3 70	3 70	ug/tube	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	GC R1 VOCs by	
2 Euroxyeuryi Acetate	~ 5.70	5.70	45/1000	T	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDL	GC R1	
Acetone	< 19.2	19.2	ug/tube	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by GC R1	
Benzene	< 1.49	1.49	ug/tube	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by GC R1	
Chlorobenzene	< 3.06	3.06	ug/tube	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	

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GC R1



Pennoni Associates	Client Ref: APURE21001	Report #: 2101019
4 Kacey Court	Client Contact: Joe Cocciardi	Project Mgr: Mark Erickson
Mechanicsburg, PA 17055	PO Number: NA	Account ID: PENA75

Analyte	Result	MRL	Units	Dilution	Prepared	Analyzed	Analyst	Method	Notes
2101019-08 9510168222 (Air Tube)									
Chloroform	< 3.00	3.00	ug/tube	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
			C					GC R1	
Ethyl Acetate	< 3.26	3.26	ug/tube	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Ethyl Benzene	< 2.94	2.94	ug/tube	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Isobutanol	< 17.2	17.2	ug/tube	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Isopropanol	< 17.9	17.9	ug/tube	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
	. 2. 27	2.27	4.1		10/15/01	10/16/01	MOL	GC RI	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	< 3.37	3.37	ug/tube	I	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
Mathylana ablarida	< 2.04	2.04	ug/tuba	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	GC KI	
Methylene emolide	< 2.94	2.94	ug/tube	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MDE	GC R1	
n-Butyl Acetate	< 3.03	3.03	ug/tube	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDF	VOCs by	
n Butyn tooluit	\$ 5.05	5.05	ug/tube	1	12/13/21	12/10/21	MIDE	GC R1	
n-Hexane	< 5.83	5.83	ug/tube	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Styrene	< 19.5	19.5	ug/tube	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
			C					GC R1	
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.97	2.97	ug/tube	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Tetrahydrofuran	< 3.06	3.06	ug/tube	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Toluene	< 3.03	3.03	ug/tube	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GC R1	
Trichloroethene	< 3.00	3.00	ug/tube	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
	. 0. 00	0.00	4.1		10/15/01	10/16/01	MDE	GC R1	
Xylenes, Iotal	< 9.00	9.00	ug/tube	1	12/15/21	12/16/21	MDE	VOCs by	
								GCRI	



Pennoni AssociatesClient Ref: APURE21001Report #: 21010194 Kacey CourtClient Contact: Joe CocciardiProject Mgr: Mark EricksonMechanicsburg, PA 17055PO Number: NAAccount ID: PENA75



ÉMSL			Industrial Hygiene - Chain of Custody EMSL Oper Number / Lab Use Only						EMSL Analytical, Inc. 200 Route 130 North Cinnaminson, NJ 08077			
EMSL ANALYTICAL, TESTING LABS · PRODUCTE · TRA	ANALYTICAL, INC. ESTING LANS · PRODUCTS · TRAINING						J	PHON Email	VE: (800) 220-3675 L: c@emsl.com	wrMan airthactura faa		
Customer ID:	PENA75					Billing ID:	PENA75			ine as Report-to leave ons ac	Cont Diane, The openty basing roots as	WINCH BUILDIZERON,
S Company Name:	Pennoni Associates					Company Na	me: Pennoni	Asso	ciates			
Contact Name:	Contact Name: Joe Cocciardi											
Street Address:	4 Kacey Court					Street Addres	ss: 4 Kacev	Cour	 t			
City, State, Zip:	Mechanicsburg, PA	17055		Country:	JSA B	City, State, Z	<sup>ip:</sup> Mechani	csbur	a. PA '	17055	Country:	USA
Phone: 7	717-516-7437			I		Phone: 7	17-516-743	<u></u> 7	<u></u>		I	
Email(s) for Report;	jcocciardi@pennoni.com, mpo	otts@pennoni.e	com, nvasquez@	pennoni.	com	Email(s) for I	nvolce: jcoccia	rdi@r	pennon	i.com		
Project Name/No: API	URE21001				ł	·	•			Purchase Order	:	
EMSL LIMS Project ID: (If applicable, EMSL will		-			US State w	here samples -	ΓX	State of (	Connecticut (	CT) must select project	location:	
Media Type: Sorbor	nt Tubos		Media Manufacturer/	226.0	1	<u>.</u>		Media Lo	Number:			- I axable)
Sampled By Name:	had Datta	Sampled By Sigr	Part Number: hature:	220-0	· •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		L		2.000	No. Samptes in	<u> </u>
Turnaround Time	T) Options - Please check:		MUM	<u>Mrot</u>	50	<u>,</u>					Shipment:	8
(If no selection made, St	tandard 2 Week (EOD) TAT will apply	<u>)</u>	2 Week		Week	4 Day	3 Day		2 Day	1 Day	Other (Call Lab)	
Cilent Sample ID	Location/Description	Analyte/ Method	Media	Flow (lpm)	Samp On	le Time Off	Volume/Area	Sam	ple Type	Sample Date	Comment	5
9510167135	Early Childhood Workroom	NIOSH 2549	sorbent tube	0.047	0845	1003	3.66		Area Personal	12/2/21		
9510167139	Room 20	NIOSH 2549	sorbent tube	0.045	1105	1210	2.925		Area Personal		21	0
9510168224	Room 12	NIOSH 2549	sorbent tube	0.05	1218	1318	3.0		Area Personal		DEC	NN.
9510167140	Clinic	NIOSH 2549	sorbent tube	.0415	1332	1426	2.241		Area Personal			T MA
9510167131	Cook Gym	NISOH 2549	sorbent tube	.0395	1445	1605	2.963		Area Personal		AI	4SD SL SL
9510168225	Tutor Room	NIOSH 2549	sorbent tube	.0445	1515	1622	2.982		Area Personal			<b>X</b> .
9510167137	East Hall	NIOSH 2549	sorbent tube	.0421	1720	1829	2.905		Area Personal		15	Ċ
9510168222	Blank	NIOSH 2549	sorbent tube	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		Area Personal			
VOL	and 1495 Spec	ial Instructions a	ind/or Regulatory R	equiremer	its (Sample	Specification	s, Processing Meth	ods, Lim	its of Detec	tion, etc.)	••	
Method of Shipment:	FeelExa				Sa	mple Condition	n Upon Receipt:	_		1		
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Relinquished by:	ho	Date/Time:	0/2021		Re	eceived by:	(Sr		-1 Y			10,00
EMSI, Analytical, Inc. 's	I aboratory Terms and Conditions on	AGREE TO ELECTR	RONIC SIGNATURE (B)	checking, I	consent to sig	ning this Chain o	f Custody document by	electronic s	lignature.)	(	7:35	
Emol: Analysical, inc. 5		e incorporated in	ito this Chain of Cus	ani ani	conditions	by Customer	ubmission of sample.	les to EM	SL Analytic	al, Inc. constitutes acc	eptance and acknowledgm	ent of all terms
											Pr Pr	age 1 of <sup>1</sup>
								F	<u>1</u> 6.	DRZJR	24569	81

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### **EMSL** Analytical - Industrial Hygiene

200 Route 130 North, Cinnaminson, NJ 08077 (800) 220-3675 / Phone/Fax: http://www.EMSL.com IndustrialHygienelab@emsl.com EMSL Order: 282103464 CustomerID: PENA75 CustomerPO: ProjectID:

Attn:	Joe Cocciardi
	Pennoni Associates
	4 Kacey Court
	Mechanicsburg, PA 17055

(717) 975-6481 Phone: Fax: Received: Analysis Date: 12/9/2021 Collected:

(717) 975-6480 12/07/21 10:00 AM

Project: APURE21001

### Test Report: Total Dust by NIOSH 0500

Sample	Location	Volume (L)	Sample Weight (mg)	Concentration (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Reporting Limit (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Notes	
LL-TIO1-01 282103464-0001	Early Childhood Workroom	123.36	<0.050	<0.41	0.41		
LL-TIO2-01 282103464-0002	Room 20	105.37	<0.050	<0.47	0.47		
LL-TIO3-01 282103464-0003	Room 12	132.87	<0.050	<0.38	0.38		
LL-TIO4-01 282103464-0004	Clinic	122.5	<0.050	<0.41	0.41		
LL-TIO5-01 282103464-0005	Cook Gym	101.89	<0.050	<0.49	0.49		
LL-TIO6-01 282103464-0006	Tutor Room	144.13	<0.050	<0.35	0.35		
LL-TIO7-01 282103464-0007	East Hallway	105.798	<0.050	<0.47	0.47		
LL-Blank-01-01 282103464-0008	Blank		<0.050	N/A	N\A	Field Blank	
LL-Blank-01-02 282103464-0009	Blank		<0.050	N/A	N\A	Field Blank	

Notes: Discernable field blank submitted with samples. Results are not field blank corrected.

Analyst(s)

Katelynn Sweeney (9)

Scott Van Etten, CIH, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report relates only to the samples reported above, and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. The report reflects the samples as received. Results are generated from the field sampling data (sampling volumes and areas, locations, etc.) provided by the client on the Chain of Custody. Samples are within quality control criteria and met method specifications unless otherwise noted. Sample results are blank corrected unless otherwise noted. Discernable field blank(s) submitted with samples if listed above. Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical - Industrial Hygiene Cinnaminson, NJ

Initial report from 12/09/2021 10:41:48

ndustrial	Hygiene	- Chain	of	Custody
E	MSL Order Number	/ Lab Use Only		

EMSL Analytical, Inc. 200 Route 130 North Cinnaminson, NJ 08077

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EMSL	ANALYTICAL, INC.
TESTING	LABS · PRODUCTS · TRAINING

EMSL

E	MSL ANALYTICAL, ESTING LABS • PRODUCTS • TR/			286	210	341	Cerf			PHONE: (800) 220-3675 Email: c@emsi.com					
ſ	Customer ID:	PENA75		section blank. Third-party billing requires written authorizat	tion.										
	Company Name:	Pennoni Associates		Company Name: Pennoni Associates							-				
	Contact Name: Joe Cocciardi							Billing Contact: Pennoni Associates							
	Street Address:	4 Kacey Court				Infor	Street Address: 4 Kacey Court								
	City, State, Zip:		Country:	JSA	City, State,	State, Zip: Mechanicsburg, PA 17055									
	3 Phone: 717-516-7437							<sup>m</sup> Phone: 717-516-7437							
	Email(s) for Report:       jcocciardi@pennoni.com, mpotts@pennoni.com, nvasquez@pennnoni.com         Email(s) for Invoice:       jcocciardi@pennoni.com														
	Purchase Order:														
	EMSL LIMS Project ID: (If applicable, EMSL will provide)					Collected:	here samples	TX		CT) must select project ercial (Taxable)	ct location: Residential (Non-Taxable)				
	Media Type: Casse	tte		Media Manufacturer/ Part Number:	1				Media Lot Number:						
	Sampled By Name: Mic	Sampled By Sign	nature:							No. Samples in Shipment:					
	Turnaround Time (TAT) Options - Please check:			2 Week 1 Week			4 Day 3 Day		2 Day	1 Day	Other (Call Lab)	7			
	Client Sample ID	Location/Description	Analyte/ Method	Media	Flow (lpm)	Samp On	le Time Off	Volume/Area	Sample Type	Sample Date	Comments				
i	LL-TIO1-01	Early Childhood Workroom		PVC Cassette	2.57	0837	0925	123.36 L	Area Personal	12/2/21	Hold at lab				
2	LL-TIO2-01	Room 20		PVC Cassette	2.57	1110	1151	105.37 L	Area Personal	12/2/21					
3	LL-TIO3-01	Room 12		PVC Cassette	2.507	1202	1255	132.87 L	Area Personal	12/2/21	21 (				
4	LL-TIO4-01	Clinic		PVC Cassette	2.5	1334	1423	122.5 L	Area Personal	12/2/21	DEC	-			
5	LL-TIO5-01	Cook Gym		PVC Cassette	2.485	1448	1529	101.89L	Area Personal	12/2/21	7 35	25			
6	LL-TIO6-01	Tutor Room		PVC Cassette	2.485	1519	1617	144.13L	Area Personal	12/2/21	AM	TAT T			
7	LL-TIO7-01	East Hallway		PVC Cassette	2.519	1730	1812	105.798	Area Personal	12/2/21	11: N. N	C			
8	LL-TIO1-02	Early Childhood Workroom		MCE Cassette	2.505	0837	0925	120.24	Area Personal	12/2/21	4				
-	Please hold at 146 pending turkher instructions, Processing Methods, Limits of Detection, etc.)														
+ > #	Relinquished by:	6/21	1707	R	Received by:				Date/Time 2/12/0001						
	Relinquished by: Date/Time:			0/21	1100	R	Received by:			/ Date/Time					
	Controlled Document - COC-21 Industrial Hygiene R4 05/12/2021 AGREE TO ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE (By checking, I consent to signing this Chain of Custody document by electronic signature.)											ulo			
or der TD.	EMSL Analytical, Inc.'s	' لـــــا Laboratory Terms and Conditions ar	e incorporated in	nto this Chain of Cu	stody by re an	enderin to sig	heir entirety. s by Custome	Submission of samp r.	les to EMSL Analytic	al, Inc. constitutes ad	cceptance and acknowledgment of all ten Page 1 of <i>2</i>				



### Industrial Hygiene - Chain of Custody

EMSL Order Number / Lab Use Only 282103464

EMSL Analytical, Inc. 200 Route 130 North Cinnaminson, NJ 08077

PHONE: (800) 220-3675 EMAIL: c@emsl.com

	Special Instructions and/or Regulatory Requirements (Sample Specifications, Processing Methods, Limits of Detection, etc.)													
	Client Sample ID	Location/Description	Analyte/ Method	Media	Flow San (Ipm) On		mple Time Volume/		Sample Type Sample Date		Comments			
9	LL-TIO2-02	Room 20		MCE Cassette	2.509	1110	1151	102.869	Area Personal	12/2/21	Hold	at la	6	
10	LL-TIO3-02	Room 12		MCE Cassette	2.528	1202	1255	133.984	Area Personal	12/2/21		014 14	0	
11	LL-TIO4-02	Clinic		MCE Cassette	2.52	1334	1423	123.48 L	Area Personal	12/2/21			•	
(Z	LL-TIO5-02	Cook Gym		MCE Cassette	2.506	1448	1529	102.746 L	Area Personal	12/2/21				
13	LL-TIO6-02	Tutor Room		MCE Cassette	2.48	1519	1617	143.84 ∟	Area Personal	12/2/21				
4	LL-TIO7-02	East Hallway		MCE Cassette	2.489	1730	1812	104.538L	Area Personal	12/2/21				
6	LL-Blank-01-01	Blank		PVC Cassette	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Area Personal	N/A				
16	LL-Blank-01-02	Blank		PVC Cassette	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Area Personal	N/A				
7	LL-Blank-02-01	Blank		MCE Cassette	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Area Personal	N/A		013	CIN	
18	LL-Blank-02-02	Blank		MCE Cassette	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Area Personal	N/A	Å	EC -	NA RE	
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	FELEX					Sa	Sample Condition Upon Receipt:							
	Relinquished by:	uished by: Michael 1974 Date/Time: 12/6/21 1700			Re	Received by: Received by:					Date/Time			
	Relinquished by:	us – c	Date/Time:								Date/Time			
Controlled Document - COC-21 Industrial Hygiene R4 05/12/2021														

EMSL Analytical, Inc.'s Laboratory Terms and Conditions are incorporated into this Chain of Custody by reference in their entirety. Submission of samples to EMSL Analytical, Inc. constitutes acceptance and acknowledgment of all terms and conditions by Customer.

 $\sim$ 

### Pitt, John

From:	
Sent:	
To:	
Cc:	
Subject:	

Joseph Cocciardi <JCocciardi@Pennoni.com> Wednesday, December 08, 2021 5:08 PM Passero, John S.; Pitt, John; Michael Potts; Vince Daliessio Mirica, Eugenia; Bish, Jeromy RE: Filter Testing - Pennoni -- 282103464

#### [EXTERNAL E-MAIL]

John – please do the 3 day TAT – and let me know when completed and we can go from there ! Thanks – I will sign and get this back to you when I get into the office in the morning – but please do log in and move forward. Thanks all, JOE C

#### Joseph Cocciardi, PhD, MS, CIH, CSP, REHS/RS

#### Pennoni

4 Kacey Court | Mechanicsburg, PA 17055 Direct: +1 (717) 516-7437 | Mobile: +1 (717) 215-5676 www.pennoni.com | JCocciardi@Pennoni.com

From: Passero, John S. <jpassero@EMSL.com>
Sent: Wednesday, December 8, 2021 4:59 PM
To: Pitt, John <jpitt@EM SL.com>; Joseph Cocciardi <JCocciardi@Pennoni.com>; Michael Potts <MPotts@Pennoni.com>;
Vince Daliessio <VDaliessio@Pennoni.com>
Cc: Mirica, Eugenia <EMirica@EMSL.com>; Bish, Jeromy <jbish@EMSL.com>
Subject: RE: Filter Testing - Pennoni -- 282103464

Joe/Mike,

Please disregard the first quote I sent to you in a separate email. Attached is an updated quote with expedited turnaround times for NIOSH 0500 testing. Please let us know which turnaround time you need.

John



John S. Passero | Materials Science Business and Account Manager EMSL Analytical, Inc. | 200 Route 130 North | Cinnaminson, NJ 08077 Phone: 856-858-4800 x3604 Cell: 609-313-0730 | Fax: | Toll Free: 800-220-3675

**COVID-19 Update:** EMSL Analytical, Inc. remains open as an essential business. To view real-time status updates for each of our 46 laboratories in the US and Canada, download EMSL's free smart device application via the <u>iTunes App</u> <u>Store - Apple</u> or <u>Google Play</u>. APP updates are posted under Support / Lab Hours.

Some of the resources EMSL Analytical, Inc. offers to our clients: <u>LABConnect</u> | <u>Order Products</u> | <u>Client Corner</u> | <u>Training</u> | <u>Additional Resources</u> | <u>Sampling Videos</u>

1



Attn:

### Joe Cocciardi Pennoni Associates 4 Kacey Court Mechanicsburg, PA 17055

Phone: (717) 975-6481 Fax: (717) 975-6480

The following analytical report covers the analysis performed on samples submitted to EMSL Analytical, Inc. on 12/13/2021. The results are tabulated on the attached data pages for the following client designated project:

### APURE21001

The reference number for these samples is EMSL Order #162129088. Please use this reference when calling about these samples. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me at (317) 803-2997.

Approved By:

hankoo andrea

Aleksandrea Kuchenbrod, Inorganic Chemisry Lab Manager

The samples associated with this report were received in good condition unless otherwise noted. This report relates only to those items tested as received by the laboratory. The QC data associated with the sample results meet the recovery and precision requirements unless specifically indicated. The final results are not blank corrected unless specifically indicated. The laboratory is not responsible for final results calculated using air volumes that have been provided by non-laboratory personnel. This report may not be reproduced except in full and without written approval by EMSL Analytical, Inc.

12/16/2021
E	MISL	EMSL Analytical, I 6340 CastlePlace Dr., Indianapo Phone/Fax: (317) 803-2997 / http://www.EMSL.com	<b>NC.</b> blis, IN 46250 (317) 803-3047 <u>indianapolislab@emsl.com</u>			EMSL Order: CustomerID: CustomerPO: ProjectID:	162129088 PENA75	
Attn: J	Attn: Joe Cocciardi			Phone:	(717) 975-6481			
F	Pennoni A	ssociates		Fax:	(717) 975-6480			
	A Kacov Court			Received:	12/13/2021 09:5	12/13/2021 09:50 AM		
Mechanie		sburg, PA 17055	Collected:	12/2/2021				

Project: APURE21001

		Analytical F	Results			
Client Sample Description	LL-TIO1-01 Early Childhood Workroom		Collected:	12/2/2021	Lab ID:	162129088-0001
Method	Parameter		RL Units		Prep Date & Analyst	Analysis Date & Analyst
METALS						
NIOSH 7303	Titanium	<8.1	8.1 µg/m³		12/16/2021 WF	12/16/2021 WF
Client Sample Description	LL-TIO2-01 Room 20		Collected:	12/2/2021	Lab ID:	162129088-0002
Method	Parameter	Result	RL Units		Prep Date & Analyst	Analysis Date & Analyst
METALS						
NIOSH 7303	Titanium	<9.5	9.5 µg/m³		12/16/2021 WF	12/16/2021 WF
Client Sample Description	LL-TIO3-01 Room 12		Collected:	12/2/2021	Lab ID:	162129088-0003
Method	Parameter	Result	RL Units		Prep Date & Analyst	Analysis Date & Analyst
METALS						
NIOSH 7303	Titanium	<7.5	7.5 μg/m³		12/16/2021 WF	12/16/2021 WF
Client Sample Description	LL-TIO4-01 Clinic		Collected:	12/2/2021	Lab ID:	162129088-0004
Method	Parameter	Result	RL Units		Prep Date & Analyst	Analysis Date & Analyst
METALS						
NIOSH 7303	Titanium	<8.2	8.2 µg/m³		12/16/2021 WF	12/16/2021 WF
Client Sample Description	LL-TIO5-01 Cook Gym		Collected:	12/2/2021	Lab ID:	162129088-0005
Method	Parameter	Result	RL Units		Prep Date & Analyst	Analysis Date & Analyst
METALS						
NIOSH 7303	Titanium	<9.8	9.8 µg/m³		12/16/2021 WF	12/16/2021 WF
Client Sample Description	LL-TIO6-1 Tutor Room		Collected:	12/2/2021	Lab ID:	162129088-0006
Method	Parameter	Result	RL Units		Prep Date & Analyst	Analysis Date & Analyst

EM	EMSL Anal 6340 CastlePlace I Phone/Fax: (317 http://www.EMSL.cc	<b>ytical, Inc.</b> Dr., Indianapolis, IN 46250 ) 803-2997 / (317) 803-3047 <u>indianapolislab@e</u>	emsl.com		EMSL Order: CustomerID: CustomerPO: ProjectID:	162129088 PENA75
Attn: Joe Per 4 K Me	e Cocciardi nnoni Associates Xacey Court chanicsburg, PA 17	055	Phone: Fax: Received: Collected:	(717) 975-6481 (717) 975-6480 12/13/2021 09:50 12/2/2021	) AM	
Project: A	APURE21001					

		Analytical R	esults			
Client Sample Description	LL-TIO6-1 Tutor Room		Collected:	12/2/2021	Lab ID:	162129088-0006
Method P	Parameter	Result	RL Units		Prep Date & Analyst	Analysis Date & Analyst
METALS						
NIOSH 7303 Ti	ïtanium	<6.9	6.9 µg/m³		12/16/2021 WF	12/16/2021 WF
Client Sample Description	LL-TIO7-01 East Halllway		Collected:	12/2/2021	Lab ID:	162129088-0007
Method P	Parameter	Result	RL Units		Prep Date & Analyst	Analysis Date & Analyst
METALS						
NIOSH 7303 Ti	ïtanium	<9.5	9.5 µg/m³		12/16/2021 WF	12/16/2021 WF
Client Sample Description	LL-TIO1-02 Blank		Collected:	12/2/2021	Lab ID:	162129088-0008
Method P	Parameter	Result	RL Units		Prep Date & Analyst	Analysis Date & Analyst
METALS						
NIOSH 7303 Ti	ïtanium	<1.0	1.0 µg/filter		12/16/2021 WF	12/16/2021 WF
Client Sample Description	LL-TIO2-02 Blank		Collected:	12/2/2021	Lab ID:	162129088-0009
Method P	Parameter	Result	RL Units		Prep Date & Analyst	Analysis Date & Analyst
METALS						
NIOSH 7303 Ti	ïtanium	<1.0	1.0 µg/filter		12/16/2021 WF	12/16/2021 WF

**Definitions:** 

MDL - method detection limit

J - Result was below the reporting limit, but at or above the MDL ND - indicates that the analyte was not detected at the reporting limit RL - Reporting Limit (Analytical) D - Dilution Sample required a dilution which was used to calculate final results

	MSL ANALYTICAL, I ESTING LABS + PRODUCTS + TRA	NC.		286	емя 210	34	Leif	nty		Рно Ема	INE: (800) 220-3675 .IL: c@emsl.com	
1	Customer ID:	DENIAZE					Billing ID:		If Bill-To is the sa	ame as Report-To leave this	section blank. Third-party billing requires written authoriza	ation.
	Company Name:	PENA/5					Company Na	PENA75	Associator			
	Contact Name:	Pennoni Associates					Billing Conta	Pennoni	Associates			_
	Street Address:	A Kacov Court					Street Addre	Pennoni	Court			
	City, State, Zip:	4 Nacey Court	17055		Country:		City, State, 2	4 Nacey		17055	Country: USA	-
	Phone: 7	17-516-7437	17035		L L		Phone: 7	17_516_743	7	17000	00/1	
	Email(s) for Report:	icocciardi@pennoni.com.mpc	otts@pennoni.	com, nvasquez@r	pennnoni	.com	Email(s) for	Invoice: icoccial	′ rdi@pennor	i.com		-
	Project Name/No: API	JRE21001	GPOINT				1	jooodia	rai@porinion	Purchase Orde	er:	
	EMSL LIMS Project ID:					US State v	where samples	TY	State of Connecticut	CT) must select proje	ct location:	-
	(ir applicable, EMSL will provide) Media Type:	4		Media Manufacturer/		collected:			Media Lot Number:	ercial (Taxable)	Residential (Non-Taxable)	
		tte	Sampled By Sig	Part Number:							No. Samples in	
	Turnaround Time (TA	Chael Potts	campion by olg								Shipment: 18	
	(If no selection made, S	andard 2 Week (EOD) TAT will apply	<i>i</i> )	2 Week		Week	4 Day	3 Day	2 Day	1 Day	Other (Call Lab)	
	Client Sample ID	Location/Description	Analyte/ Method	Media	Flow (lpm)	On	Off	Volume/Area	Sample Type	Sample Date	Comments	
	LL-TIO1-01	Early Childhood Workroom		PVC Cassette	2.57	0837	0925	123.36 L	Personal	12/2/21	Hold at lab	
2	LL-TIO2-01	Room 20		PVC Cassette	2.57	1110	0 1151	105.37 L	Area Personal	12/2/21	1000 140	
3	LL-TIO3-01	Room 12	-	PVC Cassette	2.507	1202	2 1255	132.87 L	Area Personal	12/2/21	20	
1	LL-TIO4-01	Clinic		PVC Cassette	2.5	1334	1423	122.5 L	Area Personal	12/2/21	DEC III	
	LL-TIO5-01	Cook Gym		PVC Cassette	2.485	1448	3 1529	101.89L	Area Personal	12/2/21	7	
,	LL-TIO6-01	Tutor Room		PVC Cassette	2.485	1519	9 1617	144.13L	Area Personal	12/2/21	All Sol	· ) (- )
1	LL-TIO7-01	East Hallway		PVC Cassette	2.519	1730	1812	105.798L	Area Personal	12/2/21		
*	LL-TIO1-02	Early Childhood Workroom		MCE Cassette	2.505	0837	0925	120.24	Area Personal	12/2/21	1 5	
	Please h	old at lub per	ial Instructions	and/or Regulatory R	inguiremer	Its (Sample)	Sample Condition	ns, Processing Meth	nods, Limits of Detec	tion, etc.)		
	Relinquished by:	all Potto	Date/Time:	6/21	1702	) F	Received by:	1	ha	K	Date/Time: 2/7/	200
	Relinquished by:		Date/Time:	-1		F	Received by:	999 12	1321 90	icam Fr	Date/Time	N

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Industrial Hygiene - Chain of Custody



EMSL Order Number / Lab Use Only

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Of

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EMSL Analytical, Inc. 200 Route 130 North Cinnaminson, NJ 08077

PHONE: (800) 220-3675 EMAIL: c@emsl.com

Special Instructions and/or Regulatory Requirements (Sample Specifications, Processing Methods, Limits of Detection, etc.) Sample Time Analyte/ Flow Sample Date Comments **Client Sample ID** Location/Description Media Volume/Area Sample Type Method (Ipm) On Off Hold 2 Area 12/2/21 LL-TIO2-02 Room 20 1110 1151 102.8691 9 MCE Cassette 2.509 Personal at 133.984 Area 12/2/21 LL-TIO3-02 Room 12 MCE Cassette 2.528 1202 1255 10 Personal N N Area 12/2/21 MCE Cassette 2.52 1334 1423 123.48 L LL-TIO4-02 Clinic 11 Personal R 1448 1529 Area Personal 12/2/21 LL-TIO5-02 Cook Gym 102.746L (Z MCE Cassette 2.506 Area LL-TIO6-02 **Tutor Room** MCE Cassette 2.48 1519 1617 143.84 4 12/2/21 13 Personal Area 12/2/21 East Hallway 1730 1812 104.538 LL-TI07-02 MCE Cassette 2.489 14 Personal Area N/A LL-Blank-01-01 Blank PVC Cassette N/A N/A N/A N/A 15 Persona Area N/A N/A N/A Blank PVC Cassette N/A N/A 16 LL-Blank-01-02 Persona ----CINE N/A Area N/A Blank MCE Cassette N/A N/A N/A 17 LL-Blank-02-01 Personal DEC  $\square$ Blank MCE Cassette N/A N/A N/A N/A Area N/A 18 LL-Blank-02-02 Personal Area -1 Personal 00  $\square$ 1 m Area Personal  $\square$ ... Area 2 Personal 5 Area Personal Area Personal Area Personal Sample Condition Upon Receipt: Method of Shipment: Date/Time: Received by: Date/Time Relinquished by: 6/2 700 Relinquished by: Date/Time: Received by: Date/Time Controlled Document - COC-21 Industrial Hygiene R4 05/12/2021

AGREE TO ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE (By checking, I consent to signing this Chain of Custody document by electronic signature.)

EMSL Analytical, Inc.'s Laboratory Terms and Conditions are incorporated into this Chain of Custody by reference in their entirety. Submission of samples to EMSL Analytical, Inc. constitutes acceptance and acknowledgment of all terms and conditions by Customer.

EMSL Analytical, Inc. 200 Route 130 North, Cinnaminson, NJ 08077 800-220-3675 www.emsl.com	EMSL Order: 372121068 Customer ID: PENA75 Customer PO: Project ID:
Attention: Joe Cocciardi	Phone: 717-516-7437
Pennoni Associates	Fax:
4 Kacey Court	Collected: 12/2/21 8:29am
Mechanicsburg, PA 17055	Received: 12/7/21 9:50am
	Processed: 12/8/21 3:15pm
	Analyzed: 12/10/2021
Project: APURE21001	Reported: 12/10/2021
	Revision: 0.0

Bacterial Plate Count (E	CMSL Test Method MICRO-SOP-132)
--------------------------	---------------------------------

Lab Sample Number	Customer Sample ID / Sample Location	Media	Incubation Temp °C	Sample Measure	Analytical Sensitivity (CFU / )	Dilution	Colony Count	CFUs (CFU / )
372121068-0001	LL-MB-1202-1 / Early Childhood Workroom	TSA	35.0	4 in2	2.5 / in2	10	0	None Detected
372121068-0002	LL-MB-1202-2 / Room 20	TSA	35.0	4 in2	2.5 / in2	10	27	68 / in2
372121068-0003	LL-MB-1202-3 / Room 12	TSA	35.0	4 in2	2.5 / in2	10	0	None Detected
372121068-0004	LL-MB-1202-4 / Clinic	TSA	35.0	4 in2	2.5 / in2	10	10	25 / in2
372121068-0005	LL-MB-1202-5 / Cook Gym	TSA	35.0	4 in2	2.5 / in2	10	3	7.5 / in2
372121068-0006	LL-MB-1202-6 / Innovation Lab 41	TSA	35.0	4 in2	2.5 / in2	10	0	None Detected
372121068-0007	LL-MB-1203-1 / Early Childhood Workroom	TSA	35.0	4 in2	2.5 / in2	10	0	None Detected
372121068-0008	LL-MB-1203-2 / Room 20	TSA	35.0	4 in2	2.5 / in2	10	0	None Detected
372121068-0009	LL-MB-1203-3 / Room 12	TSA	35.0	4 in2	2.5 / in2	10	54	140 / in2
372121068-0010	LL-MB-1203-4 / Clinic	TSA	35.0	4 in2	2.5 / in2	10	0	None Detected
372121068-0011	LL-MB-1203-5 / Cook Gym	TSA	35.0	4 in2	25 / in2	100	> 500	> 13000 / in2
372121068-0012	LL-MB-1203-6 / Innovation Lab 41	TSA	35.0	4 in2	25 / in2	100	> 500	> 13000 / in2

N/A=Not applicable

Vment Inggolio

Vincent Iuzzolino Microbiology Laboratory Manager or Other Approved Signatory

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EMSL ANALYTICAL,	INC.		Emslor 372-12	Chain of C rder Number / Lab U H 068	Ise Only		200 Route 130 North Cinnaminson, NJ 080 E M E M E M E M E M A M A M A M A M A M A M A M A M A M A	TVED SI 220-3675 ISUN I
Customer ID: P	ENA75			B410	<sup>g ID:</sup> Pl	ENA75	21 DEC - 7	AH IN:
Company Name: P	ennoni Asso	ociates		Con	<sup>ipany Name:</sup> Pe	ennoni Asso	ciates	
Contact Name: J	ole Cocciard	li			g Contact: JO	e Cocciardi		
E Street Address: 4	Kacey Cou	rt	Countra		State Zie: 4	Kacey Court		Counter L
Phone: 7	1echanicsbu	Irg, PA 17055	Country		онале, 20р. Ме	Kacey Co	g, PA 17055	country.
Email(s) for Report:			m tuttauer@eeeeee	Ema	il(s) for invoice:			
,	Ì	on, npozagpernora.co		Protect Information	JC		COM	
Project Name/No: APUF	E2100	)1				P	urchase Irder:	
EMSL LIMS Project ID: (If applicable, EMSL will provide)			Samples Collected:	Zip Code Samples 7	5229	State of Cor Com	nnecticut (CT) must select pro mercial (Taxable)	oject location idential (Noi
Sampled By Name:	chaol E		Sampled By Signati	ure:			No. of S In Shipp	iamples nent 1
IVII Sterile.		ate Preserved Bottle U	sed: Blocide I	Used in Source (spe	-ifv)			
	Pub	lic Water Supply Sam	ples: Note: A	ll results may autom	atically be reporte	d to DOH if requir	ed by State.	
3 Hour	6 Hour	Turn-Around-Tim	18 (TAT) Please call al 32* Hour	head for large projects and/or	Turnaround times 6 Hours	or Less. "32 Hour TAT ev	ailable for select tests only; semples mu ur 1 Week	st be submitted i
	<u> </u>			DBIOLOGY TEST CO	DES			
M001 Air-O-Cell M030 Micro 5	M174 MoldSnap	<u>.</u>	M012 Pseudomona	s aeruginosa (P/A***) s eeruginosa (MET*)		M115 Sewa	ge Screen - Water (P/A***)	
M041 Fungal Direct Examin	nation		M015 Heterotrophic	Plate Count		M117 Sewa	ge Screen - Swab (P/A***)	
M169 Pollen ID & Enumera	tion		M017 Total Coliform	n & E. Coli (Coliert Pi	'A***)	M013 Sewa	ge Screen - Swab (MFT*)	
M280 Dust Characterization	1 Level-1 n Level-2	/	M018 Total Coliform	n & E. Coli (MFT*) n & E. Coli Epumerati	on (Colilert MPN**)	M730 Methi M031 Repid	cillin-resistant Staph, aureus	(MRSA) in Detection
M005 Viable Fungi-Air Sam	iples (Genus ID & (	Count)	M019 Fecal Coliforn	n (MFT*)		Enumeration	gionalig (MIPTE Mycobacter) )	
M006 Viable Fungi-Air San	uples (Includes Pen os Snecies ID & Co	vicillum, Aspergillus, wat)	M020 Fecal Strepto	coccus (MFT*)		M014 Endot	oxin Analysis	
M007 Culturable Funci-Sur	face Samples (Ger	aus (D & Count)	M029 Enterococci ( M129 Enterococci (	(MFT*) (Enterolert P/A***)		M044 Group M095 Bacte	) Allergen (Cat, Dog, Cockroa roldes	ach, Dust Mi
M008 Culturable Fungi-Sur	face Samples (Inch	udes Penicillum,	M180 Real Time qP	CR-ERMI 36 Panel		Other - See	Analytical Price Guide for Te	st Code
Aspergulus, Cladosportum,	Stacnybolrys Spec	cies ID & Count)	M025 Sewage Scre	en - Water (MFT*)		Legionelia	Analysis Please use EMSL i	Legionella C
M009 Bacteria Culture Grai	n Stain & Count - 3 Most Prominent	ł	**MPN = Most Prob	able Number				
M011 Bacteria Count & ID	5 Most Prominent	:	***P/A = Presence//	Absence				
Sample #	Sample Loc	ation/Description	Sample Type (Matrix)	Potable / Non- Potable (Only fo Water)	r Test Code	Volume/Area	Date / Time Collected	Tempe (Lab Us
Example: Sample 1	1	Kitchen	Water	Potable	M017	1,000 mi	1/1/2021 3:30pm	
LL-MB-1202-1	Early Childh	ood Workroom	Swab		M114	4 in^2	12/2/21 08:29	
LL-MB-1202-2	Room 2	.0	Swab		M114	4 in^2	12/2/21 10:03	
LL-MB-1202-3	Room 1	2	Swab		M114	4 in^2	12/2/21 10:41	
LL-MB-1202-4	Clinic		Swab		M114	4 in^2	12/2/21 12:03	
LL-MB-1202-5	Cook G	ym	Swab		M114	4 in^2	12/2/21 13:39	
	Innovati	on Lab 41	Swab		M114	4 in^2	12/2/21 15:41	
LL-MB-1202-6	Special	I Instructions and/or Reg	gulatory Requirements	s (Sample Specificatio	ns, Processing Me	hods, Limits of Det	ection, etc.)	
LL-MB-1202-6								
LL-MB-1202-6				12	i 🔺	Mocounty		
LL-MB-1202-6	ed Ex		Inder Transfer	Sam	ple Condition Upon	Neceipi.		
LL-MB-1202-6 Method of Shipment:	ed Ex UNDES		Date/Time: 12/6/	Sam 2 17,00 Rece Rece	ived by:	-x	Date/Time	2.7.4

OrderID: 372121068



Microbiology Chain of Custody For
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EMSL Analytical, Inc. 200 Route 130 North Cinnaminson, NJ 0807NHA

aminson, NJ 08007/NHA MINSON, NJ PHONE: (800) 820-3675 EMAIL: CinnMicroLab@gms1.com

Temperature

(Lab Use Only)

EMSL Order Number / Lab Use Only EMSL ANALYTICA INC. 010 tional Pages of the Chain of Custody are only necessary if needed for additional sample information Special Instructions and/or Regulatory Requirements (Sample Specifications, Processing Methods, Limits of Detection, etc.) Potable / Non-Sample Type Sample # Potable (Only for Test Code Sample Location/Description Volume/Area Date / Time Collected (Matrix) Water) LL-MB-1203-1 Early Childhood Workroom M114 4 in^2 Swab 12/3/21 08:55 LL-MB-1203-2 Room 20 M114 4 in^2 Swab 12/3/21 09:30 LL-MB-1203-3 Room 12 Swab M114 4 in^2 12/3/21 09:59 LL-MB-1203-4 Clinic M114 4 in^2 Swab 12/3/21 12:22 LL-MB-1203-5 Cook Gym Swab M114 4 in^2 12/3/21 13:50 LL-MB-1203-6 Innovation Lab 41 Swab M114 4 in^2 12/3/21 15:51 . . . Method of Shipment: Sample Condition Upon Receipt: Relinquished by: Date/Time: (2 Received by: Date/Time Relinquished by: Date/Time Date/Time: Received by: Controlled Document - COC-34 Micro R13 3/02/2021 AGREE TO ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE (By checking, I consent to signing this Chain of Custody document by electronic signature.) EMSL Analytical, Inc.'s Laboratory Terms and Conditions are incorporated into this Chain of Custody by reference in their entirety. Submission of samples to EMSL Analytical, Inc. constitutes acceptance and acknowledgment of all terms and conditions by Customer. Page 2 Of 2

Page 2 of 2

## APPENDIX C

**HVAC Information** 

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Equipment Name	Area Served	Equipment I.D	Address	Room	Controller Type	
AHU A	Early Childhood Wing	22	10003	BLDG A	DAC-633	
AHU B	Administration	21	10004	Admin Office	DAC-633	
AHU C	Lower School Wing	20	10005	BLDG C	DAC-633	
AHU D	Auditorium	23	10011	Auditorium	DAC-633	
AHU G1	Gym East	46	10007	Cook Gym	DNT-T221	
AHU G2	Gym West	47	10008	Cook Gym	DNT-T221	
FCU G1	Gym Lobby	45	10010	Cook Gym	DNT-T221	
FC <b>U G2</b>	Gym Hallway	44	10006	Cook Gym	DNT-T221	
FCU G3	Gym Office / Restrooms	48	10009	Cook Gym	DNT-T221	
FCU 01	Art Room	33	10027	Art Rm	DNT-T221	
FCU 02	Primary-Fine Arts Wing	34	10026	30	DNT-T221	
FCU 03	4th Grade Upstairs	32	10025	Upstairs	DNT-T221	
FCU 04	Development	59	10020	Upstairs	DNT-T221	
FCU 05	T1 .	28	10021	29	DNT-T221	
FCU 06	Second Grade Rm 34	29	10022	34	DNT-T221	
FCU 07	Music	31	10024	28	DNT-T221	
FCU 08	Second Grade Rm 31	30	10023	31	DNT-T221	
FCU 09	Media Center Hallway	26	10017	Hall	DNT-T221	
FCU 10	Second Grade Rm 32	27	10018	33	DNT-T221	
FCU 11	Second Grade Rm 33	25	10019	32	DNT-T221	
FCU 12	Media Center Office	35	10013	Library	DNT-T221	
FCU 13	Media Center West	37	10016	Library	DNT-T221	
FCU 14	Media Center East	38	10015	Library	DNT-T221	
FCU 15	Media Center North	36	10014	Library	DNT-T221	
FCU 16	Auditorium Hallway	65	10012	Hall	DNT-T221	
FCU 17	Early Childhood Rm 10	40	10001	10	DNT-T221	
FCU 18	Early Childhood Rm 12	39	10002	12	DNT-T221	
Clinic	Clinic			Clinic	DNT-T221	a and a 10 million and an
Plant Chillers	Chill Water/Ice System		10100	Barn	DSC-1616E	
Plant Boilers	Hot Water System		10200	Barn	DSC-1616E	
Plant KW Monitor	KW Usage		10101	Barn	DFM-400P	

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The Lamplighter School Equipment Schedule



## APPENDIX D

Campus Map





11611 Inwood Road Dallas, Texas 75229 214-369-9201 Fax 214-369-5540

# APPENDIX E

Hydroxyl Radical Testing Protocol

## Info & Instructions on Shipped Methylene Blue Test Strips

### Tracking #: USPS EJ960896519US

#### Wet Test Strips:

### Batch #1 – "Original" Wet Strips (~40 short strip & 30 long strips)

- ~0.05 M NaOH with 1.5 M glucose (reducing agent)
- ~0.5 mg/mL Methylene Blue dye
- 2 Vials (short & longer strips); solutions should be gray to yellow in color; if blue, top vial with water, seal, gently sake and let stand until blue color diminishes

### Batch #2 – "Saturated" Wet Strips (~40 short strip & 40 long strips)

- ~0.1 M NaOH with 1.5 M glucose (reducing agent)
- > 1 mg/mL Methylene Blue dye
- 2 Vials (short & longer strips); gray precipitate should be present in vial; this should be excess reduced methylene blue. The solution may have a faint gray-blue color to it

**For Use:** Extract a wet test strip with tweezers and place on a white surface (or even a piece of the large filter paper provided); start timer and monitor how long it takes until the strip turns its **maximum blue color (a bold light blue for the original strips & a darker strong blue for the saturated strips); a control test (actually 2-3) should be run in a normal room to establish the baseline time for color change due to oxygen in the air (~5 minutes for full color change). New test strips can then be placed near the "purifying" devices in areas to see if the level of oxidizers in the air are higher or the same. Higher presence of oxidizers (such as the OH· radical) in the air should shorten the time the strips take to fully turn blue. If negligible levels of OH· are being added to the air then color change times should be similar to the controls.** 

**NOTE:** When opening the test strip vials try not to disturb the solution too much as this will inject oxygen and turn the solution blue; if this occurs, simply reseal the tube, gently shake and then let stand until all of the blue color disappears (this occurs as the glucose reduces the dye).

### **Extra Dropper Test Method:**

- 1 vial of saturated methylene blue/glucose solution
- 1 box of small filter paper
- 1 box of larger filter paper
- 1 mL pipettes

**For Use:** This is just an extra simple method if the strips are giving you trouble. To test control environments or the oxidizing environments place 2-3 small filter paper discs on top of a larger filter paper disc on the aluminum foil provided (or another surface that can be cleaned). Then drop 0.5 mL (2<sup>nd</sup> line on pipette) of the saturated MB solution onto the center of each disc so that the solution fully saturates the small disc. Then time the progression of the color change. **NOTE:** When pipetting the saturated MB solution make sure to pipette from the middle of the vial and not the very top (the top region may start turning blue when the vial is open as it is exposed to the air). Again, if the solution turns blue in the vial then just close the vial, shake a bit (will turn more blue), and then let stand until the dye fully reduced by the glucose again.